

Quarterly Report To Stockholders

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2019

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

The undersigned certify that this quarterly report has been reviewed and prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Ben R. Novosad

Ben R. Novosad, Chief Executive Officer

John Malagyo

John Malazzo, Chairman, Board of Directors

Don Vande Vante

Don VandeVanter, Chief Financial Officer

November 5, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in thousands)

The following commentary reviews the financial performance of Capital Farm Credit, ACA, referred to as the association, for the quarter ended September 30, 2019. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and the December 31, 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. The association is a member of the Farm Credit System (System), a nationwide network of cooperatively owned financial institutions established by and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended, and the regulations of the Farm Credit Administration (FCA) promulgated thereunder. The consolidated financial statements comprise the operations of the ACA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Capital Farm Credit, PCA and Capital Farm Credit, FLCA. The consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the association's audit committee.

The Texas economy continues to experience growth outpacing the U.S growth, although it seems to be slowing down. Job growth in Texas is at about 2.4 percent compared to the national average of 1.3 percent during the first nine months of 2019. The job rate of growth slowed during the third quarter from 2.6 percent in the second quarter to 2.4 percent. Nevertheless, unemployment rates in the state have reached a historic low of 3.4 percent compared to national averages of 3.7 percent. The state has experienced drought during the third quarter with approximately 68% of the state in drought compared to 5% in the second quarter of 2019. Poor rainfall has negatively impacted crop yields, particularly corn, cotton and wheat. Irrigated cropland values increased during the quarter while dryland values were stable and ranchland values declined.

Patronage Refunds by Association

In September 2019, the board of directors approved a resolution to retire \$38,202 in nonqualified allocated equities which will be paid to the recipients in November 2019. The retirement was a distribution of all remaining earnings allocated in 2011.

The board of directors approved a \$184,330 patronage distribution for 2018. Of that amount, \$87,543 was to be paid in March 2019 and \$96,787 was to be distributed in the form of nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2019, the association finalized the computation of these distributions which resulted in a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$62 for an actual cash distribution of \$87,480 and an increase of \$252 to nonqualified allocated equities for an actual distribution of \$97,039. The owners of these nonqualified distributions will not pay federal income taxes until the equities are retired. It is the board's intention with these allocation and to create a method to make future equity distributions in the form of cash. While there is not a planned retirement of these allocated equities, the board of directors will make an annual evaluation of the association's capital position and determine if some cash retirements of these equities can be made.

In September 2018, the board of directors approved a resolution to retire \$50,000 in nonqualified allocated equities which were paid to the recipients in November 2018. The retirement was a distribution of 56 percent of the earnings allocated in 2011. In November 2017, the association retired \$36,785 in nonqualified allocated equities. The retirement was a distribution of all the remaining earnings allocated in 2010.

In 2017, the board of directors approved a \$163,847 patronage distribution with cash patronage payable of \$77,506 and \$86,341 in nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2018 the association finalized the computation of these distributions which results in a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$102 for an actual cash distribution of \$77,404 and no change to the nonqualified allocated equity distribution. In 2016, the board of directors approved a \$135,000 patronage distribution, with cash patronage payable of \$57,170 and \$77,830 in nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2017 the association finalized computation to these distributions which resulted in a decrease in nonqualified allocated equities of \$35 resulting in an actual allocation of \$77,795, and a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$38 for an actual cash distribution of \$57,132.

Loan Portfolio

Total loans outstanding at September 30, 2019, including nonperforming loans, were \$7,713,349 compared to \$7,393,006 at December 31, 2018, reflecting an increase of \$320,343, or approximately 4.3 percent, with notable increases in the real estate mortgage, production and intermediate term and farm-related business sectors.

The association recorded \$934 in recoveries and \$3,991 in charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, and \$677 in recoveries and \$1,063 in charge-offs for the same period in 2018. The association's allowance for loan losses was 0.4 percent and 0.3 percent of total loans outstanding as of September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively.

High-risk assets include nonaccrual loans, loans that are past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, formally restructured loans and other property owned. The association's high-risk assets have increased by 37.6 percent in the first nine months of 2019. Most of the increase has been in nonaccrual loans and loans 90 days past due and still accruing interest offset by a decrease in formally restructured loans. The following table summarizes the association's components and trends of high-risk assets:

	September 30, 2019		%	December 31, 2018		%
Nonaccrual loans	\$	68,271	82.0	\$	48,007	79.3
Loans 90 days past due and still						
accruing interest		5,500	6.6		37	0.1
Formally restructured loans		8,744	10.5		11,487	19.0
Other property owned, net		751	0.9		972	1.6
Total	\$	83,266	100.0	\$	60,503	100.0

Nonaccrual loans increased \$20,264 during the nine months of 2019, with increases primarily in the production and intermediate term, real estate mortgage and farm-related business sectors. These increases are the result of poor growing conditions in some parts of the state, combined with declining agricultural commodity prices. Nonaccrual loans were 0.9 percent of total loans outstanding at September 30, 2019, compared to 0.6 percent at December 31, 2018.

Loans that are 90 or more days past due and still accruing interest increased \$5,463 in the first nine months of 2019 primarily in the production and intermediate-term sector. These loans have a documented plan that details how and when the amount owed will be paid.

Formally restructured accrual loans decreased \$2,743 during the first nine months of 2019 primarily in the production and intermediate term and real estate mortgage sectors. Most of these restructurings have been to extend the repayment terms for customers who were significantly affected by lower commodity prices. The association is cooperating with distressed borrowers to help them work through temporary repayment problems.

Other property owned decreased \$221 during the first nine months of 2019. The association is actively working with real estate professionals to ensure properties are accurately valued on the association's books and that proactive marketing activities are in place.

Management also continues to routinely evaluate and monitor counterparty and collateral risks in an effort to avoid concentrations that could result in excess exposure to a single counterparty or type of collateral. The loan portfolio management practices that are in place have been designed to ensure loans and industries with actual or potential problems are promptly identified, monitored and addressed in a manner that allows the lending staff to work with problem customers and industries through periods of adversity.

Results of Operations

The association had net income of \$133,845 and \$47,994 for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019, respectively, as compared to net income of \$147,264 and \$52,123 for the same periods in 2018, reflecting a decrease of 9.1 and 7.9 percent, respectively. The decrease in net income was the result of an increase in the provision for loan losses for the nine month period ended September 30, 2019 of \$7,052 compared to a reversal of provision for loan losses of \$4,767 for the same period in 2018. The increase in provision for loan losses was a result of the recent decline in the association's portfolio quality, which has been impacted by a prolonged negative trend in agricultural commodity prices.

Net interest income was \$175,201 and \$58,912 for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019, compared to \$173,721 and \$58,528 for the same periods in 2018. Interest income for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019, increased by \$23,945 and \$6,363 or 8.1 and 6.2 percent respectively, from the same periods of 2018, primarily due to increases in yields on loans and an increase in average loan volume. Interest expense for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019, increased by \$22,465 and \$5,979 or 18.4 and 13.7 percent, from the same period of 2018 due to an increase in interest rates and an increase in average debt volume. The Farm Credit Bank of Texas (the Bank) increased the association's cost of funds, beginning in 2018, for all new loans originated and all loans that are repriced. To offset this increase in interest expense to the association, the Bank will pay the association a higher patronage refund, which is being recognized in higher quarterly accruals of the patronage income from the Bank.

The effects of changes in average volume and interest rates on net interest income in the nine months ended September 30, 2019, as compared with the corresponding period of the prior year, are presented in the following tables:

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2019			For the nine months ended September 30, 2018			
	Average Balance		Interest	Ave	rage Balance	Interest	
Loans	\$	7,468,289	\$ 319,605	\$	7,279,901	\$ 295,618	
Investments		4,047	176		5,251	218	
Total interest-earning assets	\$	7,472,335	\$ 319,781	\$	7,285,152	\$ 295,836	
Interest-bearing liabilities		6,376,611	144,580		6,230,090	122,115	
Impact of capital	\$	1,095,724		\$	1,055,062		
Net interest income			\$175,201			\$ 173,721	
Net interest income as a percentage of average earning assets		3.13%		3.19%			
		Average Y	ield		Average Y	ïeld	
Yield on interest-earning assets		5.72%			5.43%		
Cost of interest-bearing liabilities		3.03%		2.62%			
Net interest spread	2.69%			2.81%			

	2019 vs. 2018						
	Increase (decrease) due to						
		olume	Rate	Total			
Interest income-Loans	\$	7,650	\$ 16,337	\$ 23,987			
Interest income-Investment		(50)	8	(42)			
Total interest income	\$	7,600	\$ 16,345	\$ 23,945			
Interest expense		2,872	19,593	22,465			
Net interest income	\$	4,728	\$ (3,248)	\$ 1,480			

The association's noninterest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 increased by \$540 or 1.3 percent from the period in 2018. Noninterest income for the three months ended September 30, 2019 decreased \$1,421 or 10.4 percent from the same period in 2018. The increase for the nine month period is primarily due to an increased patronage from the bank offset by a decrease in a lower refund received from FCSIC for excess insurance funds in the allocated insurance reserve. The decrease in the three month period ended September 30, 2019 is due to the association updating its process for accruing patronage from the bank during 2019.

Noninterest expenses for the nine and three months ended September 30, 2019, increased by \$3,610 and \$981, or 5.1 and 4.3 percent, respectively, from the same period of 2018. Most notably, the association has seen increases in travel, purchased services and other noninterest expenses.

The association's return on average assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was 2.3 percent compared to 2.6 percent for the same period in 2018. The association's return on average equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, was 13.5 percent, compared to 15.5 percent for the same period in 2018.

Liquidity and Funding Sources

The association secures the majority of its lendable funds from the Bank, which obtains its funds through the issuance of System-wide obligations. The following schedule summarizes the association's borrowings.

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Note payable to the bank	\$6,534,871	\$6,223,546
Accrued interest on note payable	16,076	15,500
Total	\$6,550,947	\$6,239,046

The association operates under a general financing agreement (GFA) with the Bank. The current GFA is effective through September 30, 2020. The outstanding balance of \$6,534,871 as of September 30, 2019, is recorded as a liability on the association's balance sheet. The note carried a weighted average interest rate of 3.03 percent at September 30, 2019. The indebtedness is collateralized by a pledge of substantially all of the association's assets to the Bank and is governed by the GFA. The increase in note payable to the Bank and related accrued interest payable since December 31, 2018 is due to the association's increase in loan volume. The maximum amount the association may borrow from the Bank as of September 30, 2019, was \$7,564,218 as defined by the GFA.

The liquidity policy of the association is to manage cash balances to maximize debt reduction, and to increase accrual loan volume. This policy will continue to be pursued during 2019. As borrower payments are received they are applied to the association's note payable with the Bank.

Capital Resources and Regulatory Matters

The association's capital position increased by \$95,981 at September 30, 2019, compared to December 31, 2018 primarily as a result of net earnings for the period, offset by the aforementioned retirement of 2011 allocated equities.

Farm Credit Administration regulations require the association to maintain minimums for various regulatory capital ratios. New regulations became effective January 1, 2017, which replaced the previously required core surplus and total surplus ratios with common equity tier 1, tier 1 capital, and total capital risk-based capital ratios. The new regulations also added tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents (UREE) ratios. The permanent capital ratio continues to remain in effect, with some modifications to align with the new regulations. As of September 30 2019, the association exceeded all regulatory capital requirements. For more information, see Note 5-"Members Equity" in the accompanying financial statements.

Significant Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1- "Organization and Significant Accounting Policies" of the accompanying financial statements for critical accounting policies and recent accounting pronouncements which may impact the association's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

Relationship with the Farm Credit Bank of Texas

The association's financial condition may be impacted by factors that affect the Bank. The financial condition and results of operations of the Bank may materially affect the stockholder's investment in the association. The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Notes to Financial Statements contained in the 2018 Annual Report of Capital Farm Credit more fully describe the association's relationship with the Bank.

The annual and quarterly stockholder reports of the Bank are available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Farm Credit Bank of Texas, Corporate Communications, P.O. Box 202590, Austin, Texas 78720, or by calling (512) 483-9204. The annual and quarterly stockholder reports for the Bank are also available on its website at *www.farmcreditbank.com*.

The association's annual and quarterly stockholder reports are also available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Capital Farm Credit, ACA, P.O. Box 488, Hondo, Texas 78861 or calling (830) 426-4589. Copies of the association's quarterly and annual stockholder reports are also available on its Website at *www.capitalfarmcredit.com* or can be requested by e-mailing *Javier.Lemus@capitalfarmcredit.com*.

CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands)

	-	mber 30, 2019 Jnaudited)	nber 31, 2018 Audited)
ASSETS			
Cash	\$	2	\$ 10
Loans		7,713,349	7,393,006
Less: Allowance for losses		(29,522)	(25,495)
Net Loans		7,683,827	 7,367,511
Accrued interest receivable - loans		81,414	68,824
Accrued interest receivable - investments		77	63
Investment - held-to-maturity		3,707	4,388
Investment in and receivable from the Bank:			
Capital stock		125,803	125,803
Receivable		34,070	21,485
Investment in Rural Business Investment Company		12,483	11,624
Investments in other Farm Credit Institutions		9,133	9,398
Other property owned, net		751	972
Premises and equipment, net		15,496	15,365
Right of use asset - leases		11,047	-
Other assets		15,036	 14,013
Total assets	\$	7,992,846	\$ 7,639,456
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Note payable to the Bank	\$	6,534,871	\$ 6,223,546
Advanced conditional payments		8,748	10,067
Accrued interest payable		16,076	15,500
Lease liabilities		11,178	-
Drafts outstanding		350	1,256
Patronage distributions payable		38,208	87,548
Unfunded post retirement medical obligations		23,477	22,991
Reserve for unfunded commitments		399	431
Other liabilities		31,320	 45,879
Total liabilities		6,664,627	 6,407,218
MEMBERS' EQUITY			
Capital stock and participation certificates		25,949	25,804
Non-qualified allocated retained earnings		586,889	624,839
Unallocated retained earnings		715,597	581,674
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(216)	 (79)
Total members' equity		1,328,219	 1,232,238
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$	7,992,846	\$ 7,639,456

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (dollars in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended			three months ended		nine months ended	For the nine months ended	
	Septer	nber 30, 2019	Septem	ber 30, 2018	Septem	ıber 30, 2019	Septem	ber 30, 2018
Interest Income								
Loans	\$	108,589	\$	102,209	\$	319,605	\$	295,618
Investments		55		72		176		218
Total interest income		108,644		102,281		319,781		295,836
Interest Expense								
Note Payable to the Bank		49,708		43,732		144,506		122,064
Advance conditional payments		24		21		74		51
Total interest expense		49,732		43,753		144,580		122,115
Net interest income		58,912		58,528		175,201		173,721
Provision for Loan Losses								
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		(549)		(2,660)		7,052		(4,767)
Net interest income after provision for losses		59,461		61,188		168,149		178,488
provision for losses		57,401		01,100		100,149		170,400
<u>Noninterest Income</u>		10.220		11.426		20 772		07 220
Patronage income from the Bank		10,220		11,426		29,752		27,330
Loan fees		1,476		881		3,437		2,601
Gain (loss) on sale of premises and equipment, net Financially related services income		57		(22)		1,424		426
Gain on other property owned, net		450		852		1,181		2,528
Other noninterest income		202 (195)		15 481		117 4,695		844
Total noninterest income		12,210		13,631		4,695		6,337 40,066
National France								
Noninterest Expense Salaries and employee benefits		1 5 0 7 7		15 740		40.255		49 701
Farm Credit System insurance premium		15,877		15,740		49,255		48,791
Occupancy and equipment		1,369 1,171		1,323 1,136		4,011 3,855		3,927 3,566
Travel		1,171		848		3,855 3,190		2,524
Advertising		988		942		2,900		2,324
Public and member relations		630		496		2,562		2,360
Purchased services		590		499		2,047		1,737
Supervisory and examexpense		496		402		1,488		1,377
Data processing		497		301		1,206		975
Communications		260		252		768		741
Director's expense		220		218		756		617
Training		253		307		663		690
Other noninterest expenses		291		231		2,201		1,127
Total noninterest expenses		23,676		22,695		74,902		71,292
Income before income tax		47,995		52,124		133,853		147,262
Provision (Benefit) for income tax		1		1		8		(2)
Net income	\$	47,994	\$	52,123	\$	133,845	\$	147,264
Other comprehensive (loss):								
Change in postretirement benefit plans		(46)		(10)		(137)		(31)
Income tax expense related items of other		(40)		-		-		-
comprehensive income Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax		(46)		(10)		(137)		(31)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$	47,948	\$	52,113	\$	133,708	\$	147,233
	*		-	52,115	-		-	,200

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	Capit	tal Stock/	Retained	Earni	ngs		umulated Other	Total		
	Participation Certificates		n-qualified Ilocated	Un	allocated	-	rehensive ne (Loss)	Ν	/lembers' Equity	
							<u> </u>			
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	25,519	\$ 578,054	\$	576,158	\$	(3,694)	\$	1,176,037	
Net income		-	-		147,264		-		147,264	
Other comprehensive loss		-	-		-		(31)		(31)	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		2,811	-		-		-		2,811	
Capital stock/participation certificates/ allocated equities retired		(2,596)	(50,000)		-		-		(52,596)	
Other adjustments		-	1		(4)		-		(3)	
Balance at September 30, 2018		25,734	 528,055		723,418		(3,725)		1,273,482	
Net income		-	-		42,587		-		42,587	
Other comprehensive gain		-	-		-		3,646		3,646	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		874	-		-		-		874	
Capital stock/participation certificates/										
allocated equities retired		(804)	-		-		-		(804)	
Patronage distributions declared:		-	-		-		-		-	
Cash		-	-		(87,543)		-		(87,543)	
Nonqualifed allocations		-	96,787		(96,787)		-		-	
Other adjustments		-	 (3)		(1)		-		(4)	
Balance at December 31, 2018		25,804	624,839		581,674		(79)		1,232,238	
Net income		-	-		133,845		-		133,845	
Other comprehensive loss		-	-		-		(137)		(137)	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		2,803	-		-		-		2,803	
Capital stock/participation certificates/										
allocated equities retired		(2,658)	(38,202)		-		-		(40,860)	
Change in patronage declared and paid		-	 252		78		-		330	
Balance at September 30, 2019	\$	25,949	\$ 586,889	\$	715,597	\$	(216)	\$	1,328,219	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Capital Farm Credit, ACA including its wholly owned subsidiaries, Capital Farm Credit, PCA and Capital Farm Credit, FLCA, (collectively called the "association"), is a member-owned cooperative which provides credit and credit-related services to or for the benefit of eligible borrowers/stockholders for qualified agricultural purposes in 192 counties in the state of Texas. The association is a lending institution of the Farm Credit System (System) which was established by acts of Congress and is subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended (Act).

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 as contained in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations and conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the inclusion of a statement of cash flows. GAAP require a business enterprise that provides a set of financial statements reporting both financial position and results of operations to also provide a statement of cash flows for each period for which results of operations are provided. In regulations issued by FCA, associations have the option to exclude statements of cash flows in interim financial statements. Therefore, the association has elected not to include a statement of cash flows in these consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019. Descriptions of the significant accounting policies are included in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. In the opinion of management, these policies and the presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations conform with GAAP and prevailing practices within the banking industry. Certain amounts in the prior period's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current financial statement presentation.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." The guidance modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. This guidance becomes effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective basis for all periods. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the employee benefit plan disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." The guidance modifies the requirements on fair value measurements by removing, modifying or adding to the disclosures. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted and an entity is permitted to early adopt any removal or modified disclosures and delay adoption of the additional disclosures until their effective date. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the fair value measurements disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. For public business entities that are not U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filers this guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020, with early application permitted. The association is evaluating the impact of adoption on its financial condition and results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Leases." The guidance requires the recognition by lessees of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Leases with lease terms of more than 12 months are impacted by this guidance. The guidance and related amendments in this update became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not materially impact the Association's financial condition and results of operations but did impact lease disclosures. The association adopted this

guidance on January 1, 2019 and upon adoption, recorded a \$11,910 right of use asset, a \$11,983 lease liability and did not have an adjustment to retained earnings.

NOTE 2 — INVESTMENTS:

Investments Held-to-Maturity

The association's held-to-maturity investment consists of Farmer Mac guaranteed agricultural mortgage-backed securities (AMBS). A summary of the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held-to-maturity is as follows:

September 30, 2019	Ar	nortized Cost	Unr	ross ealized ains	Unr	ross ealized osses	Fai	r Value	Weighted Average Yield	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Agricultural mortgage-backed securities	\$	3,707	\$	43	\$	-	\$	3,750	5.67%	2.77
December 31, 2018	Ar	nortized Cost	Unr	ross ealized ains	Unr	ross ealized	Fai	r Value	Weighted Average Yield	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Agricultural mortgage-backed securities	\$	4,388	\$	6	\$	-	\$	4,394	5.74%	2.82

The Farmer Mac AMBS were received in exchange for mortgage loans which were previously covered under the long-term standby commitments to purchase agreement with Farmer Mac. No gain or loss was recognized in the financial statements upon completion of the exchange transactions. Terms of the agreement call for a guarantee fee of 20-50 basis points to be paid to Farmer Mac, and for the association to receive a 30-basis-point fee for servicing the underlying loans.

The association has not experienced any impairments of these securities. Farmer Mac guarantees the underlying mortgages, and the association has the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity or pay-off and it is unlikely the association would be required to sell these securities. These AMBS have contractual weighted average maturities of 2.77 years as of September 30, 2019; however, expected maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

NOTE 3 — LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES:

A summary of loans follows:

Industry	Septe	September 30 2019		Dece	mber 31 2018	%
Real estate mortgage	\$	5,848,105	75.9	\$	5,642,145	76.4
Production and intermediate term		964,719	12.5		919,784	12.4
Farm-related business		646,546	8.4		594,483	8.0
Rural residential real estate		101,532	1.3		102,225	1.4
Energy		62,290	0.8		60,626	0.8
Communication		57,249	0.7		41,122	0.6
Lease receivables		17,157	0.2		17,951	0.2
Mission-related investments		6,151	0.1		6,530	0.1
Water and waste disposal		9,600	0.1		8,140	0.1
Total	\$	7,713,349	100.0	\$	7,393,006	100.0

At September 30, 2019, the association held four transactions, which are reported as loans on the consolidated balance sheet totaling \$6,038 and with \$0 in remaining commitments extended under the Rural America Bond Program approved by the FCA. The program is designed to meet the growing and changing needs of agricultural enterprises, agribusinesses and rural communities by providing investment in rural areas.

The association is authorized under the Farm Credit Act to accept "advance conditional payments" (ACPs) from borrowers. To the extent the borrower's access to such ACPs is restricted and the legal right of setoff exists, the ACPs are netted against loans as presented on the balance sheet. The association held \$63,426 and \$59,096 in funds which were netted against the loan balance at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Unrestricted advance conditional payments are included in liabilities. ACPs are not insured, and interest is generally paid by the association on such balances. Balances of ACPs were \$8,748 and \$10,067 on the balance sheet at September 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The association purchases or sells participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with FCA regulations. The following table presents information regarding the balances of participations purchased and sold as of September 30, 2019:

	Ot	her Farm Cre	dit In	stitutions	Non-Farm Credit Institutions				Total			
	Part	icipations	Pa	rticipations	Parti	Participations Participation		icipations	Participations		Participations	
	<u>Ρι</u>	urchased		Sold	Pu	rchased		Sold	Pu	urchased		Sold
Real estate mortgage	\$	132,608	\$	578,134	\$	8,341	\$	-	\$	140,949	\$	578,134
Production and												
Intermediate-term		221,851		671,213		-		-		221,851		671,213
Farm-related business		481,568		155,388		5,766		-		487,334		155,388
Energy		62,290		-		-		-		62,290		-
Communication		57,249		-		-		-		57,249		-
Mission-related investments		2,022		-		4,016		-		6,038		-
Lease receivables		17,157		-		-		-		17,157		-
Water and waste disposal		9,600		-		-		-		9,600		-
Total	\$	984,345	\$	1,404,735	\$	18,123	\$	-	\$	1,002,468	\$	1,404,735

Nonperforming assets (including related accrued interest) and related credit quality statistics are as follows:

	Septer	nber 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Nonaccrual loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$	34,526	\$	30,222	
Production and intermediate-term		23,839		11,173	
Farm-related business		6,470		2,793	
Rural residential real estate		213		391	
Energy		3,223		3,428	
Total nonaccrual loans	\$	68,271	\$	48,007	
Accruing restructured loans:					
Real estate mortgage	\$	4,218	\$	5,532	
Production and intermediate-term		2,658		4,158	
Mission-related investments		2,074		2,105	
Lease receivable		-		-	
Total accruing restructured loans	\$	8,950	\$	11,795	
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due:					
Real estate mortgage	\$	960	\$	37	
Production and intermediate-term		4,651		-	
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$	5,611	\$	37	
Total nonperforming loans	\$	82,832	\$	59,839	
Other property owned		751		972	
Total nonperforming assets	\$	83,583	\$	60,811	

One credit quality indicator utilized by the association is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable assets are expected to be fully collectible and represent the highest quality,
- Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM) assets are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness,
- Substandard assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity, and/or collateral pledged on the loan,
- Doubtful assets exhibit similar weaknesses to substandard assets; however, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable, and
- Loss assets are considered uncollectible.

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable by loan type as of :

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Real estate mortgage		
Acceptable	97.3% 1.1%	97.4%
OAEM Substandard/doubtful	1.1%	1.3% 1.3%
Substandard/doubtrui	100.0%	100.0%
Production and intermediate-term	100.070	100.070
Acceptable	90.2%	91.0%
OAEM	4.3%	4.6%
Substandard/doubtful	5.5%	4.4%
	100.0%	100.0%
Farm-related business		
Acceptable	93.2%	96.8%
OAEM	5.3%	0.4%
Substandard/doubtful	1.5%	2.8%
	100.0%	100.0%
Rural residential real estate		
Acceptable	98.3%	98.4%
OAEM	1.3%	0.9%
Substandard/doubtful	0.4%	0.7%
_	100.0%	100.0%
Energy	00.00/	00.00/
Acceptable OAEM	89.0%	92.2%
OAEM Substandard/doubtful	2.0% 9.0%	2.2% 5.6%
Substandard/doubtin	100.0%	100.0%
Communication		1001070
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM		
Substandard/doubtful	-	-
	100.0%	100.0%
Mission-related investments		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful	-	
	100.0%	100.0%
Lease receivables		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful	100.0%	
Water and ungto dianogal	100.070	100.070
Water and waste disposal Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	100.0 /0	
Substandard/doubtful	-	-
	100.0%	100.0%
Total Loans		
Acceptable	96.1%	96.6%
OAEM	1.8%	1.6%
Substandard/doubtful	2.1%	1.8%
	100.0%	100.0%

The following table provides an age analysis of past due loans (including accrued interest) as of:

September 30, 2019	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Loans > 90 Days and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 58,578	\$ 14,787	\$ 73,365	\$ 5,834,530	\$ 5,907,895	\$ 960
Production and intermediate-term	18,470	20,726	39,196	943,353	982,549	4,651
Farm-related business	4,252	-	4,252	645,216	649,468	-
Rural residential real estate	1,283	31	1,314	100,623	101,937	-
Energy	-	-	-	62,451	62,451	-
Communication	-	-	-	57,307	57,307	-
Mission-related investments	-	-	-	6,287	6,287	-
Lease receivables	-	-	-	17,247	17,247	-
Water and waste disposal				9,622	9,622	-
Total	\$ 82,583	\$ 35,544	\$ 118,127	\$ 7,676,636	\$ 7,794,763	\$ 5,611
December 31, 2018	30-89 Days	90 Days or More	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or less than 30	Total Loans	Loans > 90 Days and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 29,535	\$ 10,016	\$ 39,551	\$ 5,652,902	\$ 5,692,453	\$ 37
Production and intermediate-term	16,571	2,373	18,944	916,582	935,526	-
Farm-related business	5,996	131	6,127	590,510	596,637	-
Rural residential real estate	743	41	784	101,801	102,585	-
Energy	199	-	199	60,554	60,753	-
Communication	-	-	-	41,125	41,125	-
Mission-related investments	-	-	-	6,586	6,586	-
Lease receivables	-	-	-	18,017	18,017	-
Water and waste disposal				8,148	8,148	
Total	\$ 53,044	\$ 12,561	\$ 65,605	\$ 7,396,225	\$ 7,461,830	\$ 37

Note: The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, or acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment.

A restructuring of a debt constitutes a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) if the association for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Troubled debt restructurings are undertaken in order to improve the likelihood of recovery on the loan and may include, but are not limited to, forgiveness of principal or interest, interest rate reductions that are lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, or significant term or payment extensions.

As of September 30, 2019, the total recorded investment of troubled debt restructured loans was \$15,692, including \$6,742 classified as nonaccrual and \$8,950 classified as accrual, with specific allowance for loan losses of \$414. Commitments to lend funds to borrowers whose loan terms have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring were \$45 and \$1 as of September 30, 2019 and at December 31, 2018, respectively.

The following tables present additional information regarding troubled debt restructurings, which includes both accrual and nonaccrual loans with troubled debt restructuring designation, that occurred during the nine month and three months ended September 30, 2019. The premodification outstanding recorded investment represents the recorded investment of the loans as of the quarter end prior to the restructuring. The postmodification outstanding recorded investment represents the recorded investment of the loans as of the quarter end prior to the restructuring occurred.

	2	019	2	2018				
	Pre-TDR Designation	Post-TDR Designation	Pre-TDR Designation Post-TDR Design					
Nine months ended September 30:	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance				
Real estate mortgage	506	1,417	2,065	1,950				
Production and intermediate-term	885	888	9,236	6,553				
Total	\$ 1,391	\$ 2,305	\$ 11,301	\$ 8,503				

2	019	2018					
Pre-TDR Designation	Post-TDR Designation	Pre-TDR Designation	Post-TDR Designation				
Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance				
132	145	-	-				
112	114	6,199	4,064				
\$ 244	\$ 259	\$ 6,199	\$ 4,064				
	Pre-TDR Designation Balance 132 112	Balance Balance 132 145 112 114	Pre-TDR DesignationPost-TDR DesignationPre-TDR DesignationBalanceBalanceBalance132145-1121146,199				

In restructurings where principal is forgiven, the amount of the forgiveness is immediately charged off. In restructurings where accrued interest is forgiven, the interest is reversed (if current year interest) or charged off (if prior year interest). There were no charge-offs recorded at the modification date for the quarter ending September 30, 2019.

The predominant form of concession granted for troubled debt restructuring includes extension of terms. Other types of modifications include principal or accrued interest reductions, interest rate decreases and delayed payments, among others. At times, these terms might be offset with incremental payments, collateral or new borrower guarantees, in which case the association assesses all of the modified terms to determine if the overall modification qualifies as a troubled debt restructuring.

The association did not have loans that met the accounting criteria as a troubled debt restructuring and that occurred within the previous 12 months and for which there was a subsequent payment default during the period. A payment default is defined as a payment that is 30 days past due after the date the loan was restructured.

The following table provides information on outstanding loans restructured in troubled debt restructurings at period end. These loans are included as impaired loans in the impaired loan table at:

		Loans Modi	fied as TE	ORs	TDRs in Nonaccrual Status*						
	Septem	ber 30, 2019	Decer	mber 31, 2018	Septem	oer 30, 2019	Decem	ber 31, 2018			
Real estate mortgage	\$	6,806	\$	6,671	\$	2,588	\$	1,139			
Production and intermediate-term		6,812		8,638		4,154		4,480			
Farm-related business		-		131		-		131			
Mission related investments		2,074		2,105				-			
Total	\$	15,692	\$	17,545	\$	6,742	\$	5,750			

*represents the portion of loans modified as TDRs that are in nonaccrual status

Additional impaired loan information is as follows:

-		A	t Septe	ember 30, 20	019		At December 31, 2018							
			τ	Jnpaid	R	elated			τ	Jnpaid	Related			
		Loan	P	rincipal	S	pecific		Loan	\mathbf{P}	rincipal	$\mathbf{S}_{\mathbf{I}}$	pecific		
	B	alance	E	Balance	All	owance	E	Balance	Е	alance	All	owance		
Impaired loans with a related														
allowance for loan losses:														
Real estate mortgage	\$	1,724	\$	1,934	\$	62	\$	1,768	\$	1,972	\$	235		
Production and intermediate-term		8,165		11,886		1,355		5,786		7,873		927		
Farm-related business		2,598		2,598		368		2,653		2,653		368		
Rural residential real estate		-		-		-		29		48		4		
Energy		3,223		3,223		1,046		3,428		3,428		1,053		
Mission-related investments		134		134		42		137		137		40		
Total	\$	15,844	\$	19,775	\$	2,873	\$	13,801	\$	16,111	\$	2,627		
Impaired loans with no related														
allowance for loan losses:														
Real estate mortgage	\$	37,904	\$	39,352	\$	-	\$	33,937	\$	36,000	\$	-		
Production and intermediate-term		22,794		28,561		-		9,344		13,175		-		
Farm-related business		3,872		6,822		-		140		3,097		-		
Rural residential real estate		213		393		-		362		567		-		
Energy		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Mission-related investments		1,888		1,888		-		1,947		1,947		-		
Total	\$	66,671	\$	77,017	\$	-	\$	45,730	\$	54,786	\$	-		
Total impaired loans:														
Real estate mortgage	\$	39,628	\$	41,286	\$	62	\$	35,705	\$	37,972	\$	235		
Production and intermediate-term		30,959		40,447		1,355		15,130		21,048		927		
Farm-related business		6,470		9,420		368		2,793		5,750		368		
Rural residential real estate		213		393		-		391		615		4		
Energy		3,223		3,223		1,046		3,428		3,428		1,053		
Mission-related investments		2,022		2,022		42		2,084		2,084		40		
Total	\$	82,515	\$	96,791	\$	2,873	\$	59,531	\$	70,897	\$	2,627		

Unpaid principal balance represents the recorded principal balance of the loan.

	For the Three Months Ended									For the Nine Months Ended							
		Septemb	er 30, 20)19		Septemb	er 30, 201	8		Septemb	er 30, 20	19		Septem	ber 30, 201	8	
	А	verage	In	terest	A	verage	Int	erest	A	verage	In	terest					
	Ir	npaired	Ir	icome	Ir	npaired	Inc	come	Ir	npaired	In	icome	А	verage	Intere	est Income	
	I	Loans	Rec	ognized	I	Loans	Reco	gnized]	Loans	Rec	ognized	Impa	ired Loans	Ree	cognized	
Impaired loans with a related																	
allowance for loan losses:																	
Real estate mortgage	\$	1,765	\$	-	\$	2,145	\$	2	\$	1,289	\$	4	\$	1,149	\$	6	
Production and intermediate-term		10,988		12		8,328		54		8,338		155		6,019		168	
Farm-related business		2,600		35		2,680		51		2,620		143		2,701		149	
Rural residential real estate		-		-		-		-		10		-		4		-	
Energy		3,223		-		3,572		-		3,284		-		2,833		-	
Mission-related investments		134		3		156		3		135		8		159		9	
Total	\$	18,710	\$	50	\$	16,881	\$	110	\$	15,676	\$	310	\$	12,865	\$	332	
Impaired loans with no related																	
allowance for loan losses:																	
Real estate mortgage	\$	37,641	\$	145	\$	42,421	\$	170	\$	36,437	\$	613	\$	43,439	\$	734	
Production and intermediate-term		20,062		102		11,907		57		15,840		458		16,441		268	
Farm-related business		3,884		3		131		16		3,844		3		131		29	
Rural residential real estate		216		-		408		1		291		-		416		3	
Energy		92		2		-		-		71		2		4		-	
Mission-related investments		1,888		29		1,930		29		1,914		88		1,954		89	
Lease receivables		30		-		41		-		10		-		47		-	
Total	\$	63,813	\$	281	\$	56,838	\$	273	\$	58,407	\$	1,164	\$	62,432	\$	1,123	
Total impaired loans:																	
Real estate mortgage	\$	39,406	\$	145	\$	44,566	\$	172	\$	37,726	\$	617	\$	44,588	\$	740	
Production and intermediate-term		31,050		114		20,235		111		24,178		613		22,460		436	
Farm-related business		6,484		38		2,811		67		6,464		146		2,832		178	
Rural residential real estate		216		-		408		1		301		-		420		3	
Energy		3,315		2		3,572		-		3,355		2		2,837		-	
Mission-related investments		2,022		32		2,086		32		2,049		96		2,113		98	
Lease receivables		30		-		41		-		10		-		47		-	
Total	\$	82,523	\$	330	\$	73,719	\$	383	\$	74,083	\$	1,474	\$	75,297	\$	1,455	
	-								-						_		

A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses and the ending balance including accrued interest of loans

		l Estate ortgage	Inte	uction and ermediate Term	n	Farm elated isiness	Resi	ıral dential Estate	Wate	rgy and er/Waste sposal	Comm	nication	Rel	ssion lated tments		ase ivable		Total
Allowance for credit	IVIO	ngage				13111033	Kcai	Listate	Di.	sposa	Commu	incation	nives	tinents	Rece	IVADIC		Total
losses:																		
Balance at																		
June 30, 2019	\$	11,397	\$	15,296	\$	3,177	\$	105	\$	1,519	\$	87	\$	42	\$	90	\$	31,713
Charge-offs	Ģ	(4)	φ	(2,035)	φ	-	Ŷ	105	Ģ	-	3	07	φ	42	Ą	90	Ģ	(2,039)
Recoveries		(4)		(2,035)		- 1		- 8		-		-		-		-		361
Provision (reversal) for loan losses		239		(561)		(253)		0 1		- 31		- 6		-		(12)		(549)
Provision (reversal) for ioan losses		239		(501)		(233)		1		51		0		-		(12)		(349)
Transfer from reserve on unfunded																		
commitments		(2)		53		(15)		-		-		-		-		-		36
Balance at																		
September 30, 2019	\$	11,797	\$	12,938	\$	2,910	\$	114	\$	1,550	\$	93	\$	42	\$	78	\$	29,522
Balance at																		
December 31, 2018		8,517		11,915		3,439		98		1,331		86		41		68	\$	25,495
Charge-offs		(23)		(3,957)		-		(11)		-		-		-		-		(3,991)
Recoveries		541		361		9		23		-		-		-		-		934
Provision (reversal) for loan losses		2,765		4,559		(512)		4		218		7		1		10		7,052
*Other		(3)		60		(26)		-		1		-		-		-		32
Balance at																		
September 30, 2019	\$	11,797	\$	12,938	\$	2,910	\$	114	\$	1,550	\$	93	\$	42	\$	78	\$	29,522
Allowance for loan losses:																		
Ending Balance at September 30, 2019																		
Individually evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	62	\$	1,355	\$	368	\$	-	\$	1,046	\$	-	\$	42	\$	-	\$	2,873
Collectively evaluated for	Ŷ		Ψ	1,000	Ψ		Ŷ		Ŷ	1,010	<u> </u>		Ψ		Ŷ		Ŷ	2,070
impairment	\$	11,735	\$	11,583	\$	2,542	\$	114	\$	504	\$	93	\$	-	\$	78	\$	26,649
Balance at	¢	0.000	¢	10.000	¢	0.070	¢	116	¢	1 400	â	1.40	¢		¢	5 1	é	26.070
June 30, 2018	\$	9,333	\$	12,323	\$	3,370	\$	116	\$	1,490	\$	140	\$	56	\$	51	\$	26,879
Charge-offs		-		(48)		-		(9)		-		-		-		-		(57)
Recoveries		254		253		1		8		-		-		-		-		516
(Reversal) provision for loan losses Transfer from reserve on unfunded		(1,793)		(626)		(207)		(19)		(3)		(12)		(1)		1		(2,660)
commitments		2		112		(10)		-		2		-		-		-		106
Balance at																		
September 30, 2018	\$	7,796	\$	12,014	\$	3,154	\$	96	\$	1,489	\$	128	\$	55	\$	52	\$	24,784
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	10,470	\$	12.055	\$	4 000	¢	150	\$	1 (15	¢	1.45	\$	07	¢	21	¢	20.450
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$		\$	12,955	\$	4,002	\$		\$	1,615	\$	145	\$	82	\$	31	\$	29,450
Charge-offs		(83)		(971)		-		(9)		-		-		-		-		(1,063)
Recoveries		325		285		20		16		-		31		-		-		677
(Reversal) provision for loan losses		(2,930)		(635)		(928)		(61)		(150)		(48)		(36)		21		(4,767)
Other		14		380		60		-		24		-		9		-		487
Balance at	é	7 707	¢	12 014	¢	2.154	<u>_</u>	06	¢	1 400	<u>_</u>	120	¢		¢	52	¢	04.704
September 30, 2018	\$	7,796	\$	12,014	\$	3,154	\$	96	\$	1,489	\$	128	\$	55	\$	52	\$	24,784
Allowance for loan losses:																		
Ending Balance at December 31, 2018																		
individually evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	235	\$	927	\$	368	\$	4	\$	1,053	\$	-	\$	40	\$	-	\$	2,627
collectively evaluated for	. <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u>.</u>		-							-			-	<u> </u>
impairment	\$	8,282	\$	10,988	\$	3,071	\$	94	\$	278	\$	86	\$	1	\$	68	\$	22,868
-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>												<u> </u>

		Real Estate Mortgage	Production an Intermediate Term	Farm related busines	Rural Residentia Real Estat	Energy an Water/Was Disposal	te	Communicatio	on	Missio Relateo Investme	1	Lease Receival	Total
Recorded Investments	_					 							
in Loans Outstanding:													
Ending Balance at													
September 30, 2019	\$	5,907,895	\$ 982,549	\$ 649,468	\$ 101,937	\$ 72,073	\$	57,307	\$	6,287	\$	17,247	\$ 7,794,763
Individually evaluated for													
impairment	\$	39,628	\$ 30,959	\$ 6,470	\$ 213	\$ 3,223	\$	-	\$	2,022	\$	-	\$ 82,515
Collectively evaluated for			 	 		 							
impairment	\$	5,868,267	\$ 951,590	\$ 642,998	\$ 101,724	\$ 68,850	\$	57,307	\$	4,265	\$	17,247	\$ 7,712,248
Ending Balance at													
December 31, 2018	\$	5,692,453	\$ 935,526	\$ 596,637	\$ 102,585	\$ 68,901	\$	41,125	\$	6,586	\$	18,017	\$ 7,461,830
Individually evaluated for													
impairment	\$	35,705	\$ 15,130	\$ 2,793	\$ 391	\$ 3,428	\$	-	\$	2,084	\$	-	\$ 59,531
Collectively evaluated for													
impairment	\$	5,656,748	\$ 920,396	\$ 593,844	\$ 102,194	\$ 65,473	\$	41,125	\$	4,502	\$	18,017	\$ 7,402,299

NOTE 4 —LEASES:

The association evaluates arrangements at inception to determine if it meets the criteria for a lease. Leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet with lease expense recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Operating leases are included in right of use asset-leases (ROU) and lease liabilities on the balance sheet.

ROU assets represent the association's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the association's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The association's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the association will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

		For the Nine Months Ende						
	Classification	Septo	ember 30, 2019					
Operating lease cost	Operating	\$	1,543					
Short-term lease cost	Operating		186					
Net lease cost		\$	1,729					

Other information related to leases was as follows:

	 Months Ended per 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 1,714
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations: Operating leases	\$ 11,047

Lease term and discount rate are as follows:

	September 30, 2019
Weighted average remaining lease term in years:	
Operating leases	5.17
Weighted average discount rate:	
Operating leases	3.3%

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	Op	erating
	L	eases
2019 (excluding the nine months ended 9/30/19)	\$	591
2020		2,092
2021		1,869
2022		1,779
2023		1,727
Thereafter		4,341
Total lease payments		12,399
Less: interest		-
Total	\$	12,399

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

NOTE 5 — MEMBERS EQUITY:

The association's board of directors has established a Capital Adequacy Plan (Plan) that includes the capital targets that are necessary to achieve the institution's capital adequacy goals as well as the minimum permanent capital standards. The Plan monitors projected patronage, equity retirements and other actions that may decrease the association's permanent capital. In addition to factors that must be considered in meeting the minimum standards, the board of directors also monitors the following factors: capability of management; quality of operating policies, procedures and internal controls; quality and quantity of earnings; asset quality and the adequacy of the allowance for losses to absorb potential loss within the loan and lease portfolios; sufficiency of liquid funds; needs of an institution's customer base; and any other risk-oriented activities, such as funding and interest rate risk, contingent and off-balance-sheet liabilities or other conditions warranting additional capital. At least quarterly, management reviews the association's goals and objectives with the board.

Regulatory Capital Ratios

	Regulatory	Conservation		As of	As of
	Minimums	Buffers*	Total	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Risk-adjusted:					
Common equity tier 1 ratio	4.50%	2.50% *	7.00%	14.33%	14.30%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.00%	2.50% *	8.50%	14.33%	14.30%
Total capital ratio	8.00%	2.50% *	10.50%	15.19%	15.10%
Permanent capital ratio	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	14.85%	14.80%
Non-risk-adjusted:					
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.00%	1.00%	5.00%	14.86%	14.80%
UREE leverage ratio	1.50%	0.00%	1.50%	8.48%	9.50%

The details for the amounts used in the calculation of the regulatory capital ratios as of September 30, 2019:

	Common								
90 Day Average Balances (dollars in thousands)		equity		Tier 1		Total		Permanent	
		er 1 ratio	capital ratio		capital ratio		capital ratio		
Numerator:									
Unallocated retained earnings	\$	672,096	\$	672,096	\$	672,096	\$	672,096	
Common Cooperative Equities:									
Statutory minimum purchased borrower stock		25,929		25,929		25,929		25,929	
Allocated equities held \geq 7 years		586,887		586,887		586,887		586,887	
Allocated equities subject to revolvement ≥ 5 years but < 7 years		-		-		37,780		37,780	
Allowance for loan losses and reserve for credit losses subject to certain limitations		-		-		32,000		-	
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:									
Amount of allocated investments in other System institutions		(125,974)		(125,974)		(125,974)		(125,974)	
Other regulatory required deductions		(2,334)		(2,334)		(2,334)		(2,334)	
		1,156,604		1,156,604	1	1,226,384		1,194,384	
Denominator:									
Risk-adjusted assets excluding allowance		8,092,013		8,092,013	8	3,092,013		8,092,013	
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:									
Regulatory deductions included in total capital		(20,072)		(20,072)		(20,072)		(20,072)	
Allowance for loan losses		-		-		-		(31,565)	
		8,071,941		8,071,941	8	3,071,941		8,040,376	

90 Day Average Balances		Tier 1 leverage ratio		UREE leverage ratio		
(dollars in thousands)	leve					
Numerator:						
Unallocated retained earnings	\$	672,096	\$	672,096		
Common Cooperative Equities:						
Statutory minimum purchased borrower stock		25,929		-		
Allocated equities held \geq 7 years		586,887				
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:						
Amount of allocated investments in other System institutions		(125,974)		(9,853)		
Other regulatory required deductions		(2,334)		(2,334)		
		1,156,604		659,909		
Denominator:						
Total Assets		7,954,005		7,954,005		
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:						
Regulatory deductions included in tier 1 capital		(170,822)		(170,822)		
•		7,783,183		7,783,183		

The association's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) relates entirely to its nonpension other postretirement benefits. Amortization of prior service (credits) cost and of actuarial (gain) loss are reflected in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30:

	2019			2018		
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) at January 1	\$	(79)	\$	(3,694)		
Amortization of prior service (credit) costs included						
in salaries and employee benefits		(137)		(169)		
Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss included						
in salaries and employee benefits		-		138		
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax		(137)		(31)		
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) at September 30	\$	(216)	\$	(3,725)		

NOTE 6 — INCOME TAXES:

The association conducts its business activities through two wholly-owned subsidiaries. Long-term mortgage lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned FLCA subsidiary which is exempt from federal and state income tax. Short- and intermediate-term lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned PCA subsidiary. The PCA subsidiary and the ACA holding company are subject to income tax. The association operates as a cooperative that qualifies for tax treatment under Subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, under specified conditions, the association can exclude from taxable income amounts distributed as qualified patronage dividends in the form of cash, stock or allocated retained earnings. Provisions for income taxes are made only on those taxable earnings that will not be distributed as qualified patronage dividends. Deferred taxes are recorded at the tax effect of all temporary differences based on the assumption that such temporary differences are retained by the institution and will therefore impact future tax payments. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets to the extent that it is more likely than not (more than 50 percent probability), based on management's estimate, that they will not be realized.

NOTE 7 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

FASB guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. See Note 14 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders for a more complete description.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period on the association's consolidated balance sheet, are summarized below. The association did not have any liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

September 30, 2019	Fair Value Measurement Using							Total Fair		
-	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value			
Assets:										
Assets held in nonqualified benefit trusts	\$	7,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,885		
Total assets	\$	7,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,885		
December 31, 2018	Fair Value Measurement Using						Total Fair			
	Ι	evel 1	Lev	el 2	Lev	el 3	v	Value		
Assets:										
Assets held in nonqualified benefit trusts	\$	7,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,103		
Total assets	\$	7,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,103		

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, which are fair value measurements that are triggered by particular circumstances such as impaired assets, for each of the fair value hierarchy levels are summarized below. The association did not have any liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

<u>September 30, 2019</u>	Fair Value Measurement Using							tal Fair
	Le	vel 1	Level 2		Level 3			Value
Assets:								
Loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,971	\$	12,971
Other property owned		-		-		751		751
December 31, 2018		Fair	Value Measur	rement Usi	ng		Тс	otal Fair
	Le	vel 1	Lev	vel 2		Level 3		Value
Assets:								
Loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,174	\$	11,174
Other property owned		-		-		972		972

With regard to nonrecurring measurements for impaired loans and other property owned, it is not practicable to provide specific information on inputs, as each collateral property is unique. System institutions utilize appraisals to value these loans and other property owned and take into account unobservable inputs, such as income and expense, comparable sales, replacement cost and comparability adjustments.

Valuation Techniques

As more fully discussed in Note 14 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders, authoritative guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The following represents a brief summary of the valuation techniques used for the association's assets and liabilities. For a more complete description, see Notes to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

Investments

Include mortgage-backed securities issued by the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac). Fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows considering market interest rates, estimated prepayment rates, probabilities of default and loss severities. Inputs depend significantly on management judgements and experience with the securities. These fair value measurements are classified as level 3 investments.

Assets Held in Nonqualified Benefits Trusts

Assets held in trust funds related to deferred compensation and supplemental retirement plans are classified within Level 1. The trust funds include investments that are actively traded and have quoted net asset values that are observable in the marketplace.

Loans Evaluated for Impairment

For certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB impairment guidance, the fair value is based upon the underlying collateral since the loans are collateral-dependent loans for which real estate is the collateral. The fair value measurement process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters. As a result, a majority of these loans have fair value measurements that fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. When the value of the real estate, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the principal balance of the loan, a specific reserve is established. The fair value of these loans would fall under Level 2 of the hierarchy if the process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information.

Other Property Owned

Other property owned is generally classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The process for measuring the fair value of the other property owned involves the use of independent appraisals and other market-based information. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. As a result, these fair value measurements fall within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Cash

For cash, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

Loans

Fair value is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the associations' current interest rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit risk. The discount rates are based on the associations' current loan origination rates as well as management's estimates of credit risk. Management has no basis to determine whether the fair values presented would be indicative of the value negotiated in an actual sale and could be less.

For purposes of estimating fair value of accruing loans, the loan portfolio is segregated into pools of loans with homogeneous characteristics. Expected future cash flows, primarily based on contractual terms, and interest rates reflecting appropriate credit risk are separately determined for each individual pool.

The fair value of loans in nonaccrual status that are current as to principal and interest is estimated as described above, with appropriately higher interest rates which reflect the uncertainty of continued cash flows. For collateral-dependent impaired loans, it is assumed that collection will result only from the disposition of the underlying collateral.

Commitments to Extend Credit

The fair value of commitments is estimated using the fees currently charged for similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, estimated fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates.

NOTE 8 — EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS:

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit costs of nonpension other postretirement employee benefits for the nine months ended September 30:

	Other Benefits					
		2019		2018		
Service Cost	\$	257	\$	341		
Interest Cost		804		766		
Expected return on plan assets		-		-		
Amortization of prior service (credits) cost		(137)		(169)		
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss		-		138		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	924	\$	1,076		

The association's liability for the unfunded accumulated obligation for these benefits at September 30, 2019, was \$23,477 and is included in "Unfunded post-retirement medical obligations" in the balance sheet.

The structure of the district's defined benefit pension plan is characterized as multiemployer since the assets, liabilities and cost of the plan are not segregated or separately accounted for by participating employers (bank and associations). The association recognizes its amortized annual contributions to the plan as an expense. Contributions due and unpaid are recognized as a liability. For the DB plan, the association recognized costs of \$1,760 and \$2,190 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018. The association previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, that it expected to contribute \$869 to the district's defined benefit pension plan in 2019. As of September 30, 2019, \$575 of contributions have been made. The association presently anticipates contributing an additional \$294 to fund the defined benefit pension plan in 2019 for a total of \$869.

The association's contributions to the DC Plan are expensed as incurred. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the association recognized pension costs of \$2,019 and \$1,847 respectively.

Employees are also eligible to participate in the Farm Credit Benefits Alliance 401(k) Plan. Contributions to the 401(k) plan are expensed as incurred. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the association contributed \$1,656 and \$1,559, respectively.

The association also participates in a defined contribution nonqualified supplemental 401(k) plan. The total expenses of the nonqualified plan included in the association's employee benefit costs were \$554 and \$288 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

NOTE 9 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The association is involved in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, there are no legal proceedings at this time that are likely to materially affect the association.

NOTE 10 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The association has evaluated subsequent events through November 5, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were issued and there are no other significant events requiring disclosure as of this date.