

PART OF THE FARM CREDIT SYSTEM

# Quarterly Report To Stockholders

For the Quarter Ended June 30, 2019

## **REPORT OF MANAGEMENT**

The undersigned certify that this quarterly report has been reviewed and prepared in accordance with all applicable statutory or regulatory requirements, and that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Ben R. Novosad

Ben R. Novosad, Chief Executive Officer

ohn Malagyo

John Malazzo, Chairman, Board of Directors

In Vande Vante

Don VandeVanter, Chief Financial Officer

August 9, 2019

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Dollars in thousands)

The following commentary reviews the financial performance of Capital Farm Credit, ACA, referred to as the association, for the quarter ended June 30, 2019. These comments should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and the December 31, 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. The association is a member of the Farm Credit System (System), a nationwide network of cooperatively owned financial institutions established by and subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended, and the regulations of the Farm Credit Administration (FCA) promulgated thereunder. The consolidated financial statements comprise the operations of the ACA and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Capital Farm Credit, PCA and Capital Farm Credit, FLCA. The consolidated financial statements were prepared under the oversight of the association's audit committee.

The Texas economy continues to experience growth outpacing the U.S growth, although it seems to be slowing down. Job growth in Texas is at about 2.3 percent compared to the national average of 1.3 percent during the second quarter of 2019. The largest growth came from the construction, financial services and professional and business service industries. Unemployment rates in the state have reached a historic low of 3.5 percent. Texas land and home values have seen a moderate increase during the second quarter of 2019 with inventories remaining flat and home sales declining slightly through 2019. The state has seen some significant rain in most areas with only about 5 percent of the state experiencing drought conditions compared to 46 percent in the first quarter of 2019, primarily along the lower Rio Grande valley. The heavy rains had mixed effects, with some corn crops benefiting but cotton was negatively impacted due to delays in planting. Agricultural commodity prices continue to be weak, particularly cattle prices. There will continue to be challenges for the agricultural producers across the state, but the general economy continues to show positive signs.

## Patronage Refunds by Association

The board of directors approved a \$184,330 patronage distribution for 2018. Of that amount, \$87,543 was to be paid in March 2019 and \$96,787 was to be distributed in the form of nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2019, the association finalized the computation of these distributions which resulted in a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$62 for an actual cash distribution of \$87,480 and an increase of \$252 to nonqualified allocated equities for an actual distribution of \$97,039. The owners of these nonqualified distributions will not pay federal income taxes until the equities are retired. It is the board's intention with these allocations to assign ownership of the earnings of the association, allowing the stockholders to benefit more fully from the earnings of the association and to create a method to make future equity distributions in the form of cash. While there is not a planned retirement of these allocated equities, the board of directors will make an annual evaluation of the association's capital position and determine if some cash retirements of these equities can be made.

In September 2018, the board of directors approved a resolution to retire \$50,000 in nonqualified allocated equities which were paid to the recipients in November 2018. The retirement was a distribution of 56 percent of the earnings allocated in 2011. In November 2017, the association retired \$36,785 in nonqualified allocated equities. The retirement was a distribution of all the remaining earnings allocated in 2010.

In 2017, the board of directors approved a \$163,847 patronage distribution with cash patronage payable of \$77,506 and \$86,341 in nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2018 the association finalized the computation of these distributions which results in a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$102 for an actual cash distribution of \$77,404 and no change to the nonqualified allocated equity distribution. In 2016, the board of directors approved a \$135,000 patronage distribution, with cash patronage payable of \$57,170 and \$77,830 in nonqualified allocated equities. In March 2017 the association finalized computation to these distributions which resulted in a decrease in nonqualified allocated equities of \$35 resulting in an actual allocation of \$77,795, and a reduction in cash patronage payable of \$38 for an actual cash distribution of \$57,132.

## Loan Portfolio

Total loans outstanding at June 30, 2019, including nonperforming loans, were \$7,597,058 compared to \$7,393,006 at December 31, 2018, reflecting an increase of \$204,052, or approximately 2.8 percent, with notable increases in the real estate mortgage and farm-related business sectors.

The association recorded \$573 in recoveries and \$1,953 in charge-offs for the six months ended June 30, 2019, and \$162 in recoveries and \$1,006 in charge-offs for the same period in 2018. The association's allowance for loan losses was 0.4 percent and 0.3 percent of total loans outstanding as of June 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively.

High-risk assets include nonaccrual loans, loans that are past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, formally restructured loans and other property owned. The association's high-risk assets have increased by 39.3 percent in the first six months of 2019. Most of this increase has been in nonaccrual loans and loans 90 days past due and still accruing interest offset by a decrease in formally restructured loans. The following table summarizes the association's components and trends of high-risk assets:

	Jun	e 30, 2019	%	Decen	ber 31, 2018	%
Nonaccrual loans	\$	72,401	85.8	\$	48,007	79.3
Loans 90 days past due and still						
accruing interest		1,674	2.0		37	0.1
Formally restructured loans		9,067	10.8		11,487	19.0
Other property owned, net		1,165	1.4		972	1.6
Total	\$	84,307	100.0	\$	60,503	100.0

Nonaccrual loans increased \$24,394 during the first six months of 2019, with increases primarily in the production and intermediate term, real estate mortgage and farm-related business sectors. These increases are the result of poor growing conditions in some parts of the state, combined with declining agricultural commodity prices. Nonaccrual loans were 1.0 percent of total loans outstanding at June 30, 2019, compared to 0.6 percent at December 31, 2018.

Loans that are 90 or more days past due and still accruing interest increased \$1,637 in the first six months of 2019 primarily in the production and intermediate-term and real estate mortgage sectors. These loans have a documented plan that details how and when the amount owed will be paid.

Formally restructured accrual loans decreased \$2,420 during the first six months of 2019 primarily in the production and intermediate term and real estate mortgage sectors. Most of these restructurings have been to extend the repayment terms for customers who were significantly affected by lower commodity prices. The association is cooperating with distressed borrowers to help them work through temporary repayment problems.

Other property owned increased \$193 during the first six three months of 2019. The association is actively working with real estate professionals to ensure properties are accurately valued on the association's books and that proactive marketing activities are in place.

Management also continues to routinely evaluate and monitor counterparty and collateral risks in an effort to avoid concentrations that could result in excess exposure to a single counterparty or type of collateral. The loan portfolio management practices that are in place have been designed to ensure loans and industries with actual or potential problems are promptly identified, monitored and addressed in a manner that allows the lending staff to work with problem customers and industries through periods of adversity.

## **Results of Operations**

The association had net income of \$85,851 and \$42,435 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, as compared to net income of \$95,140 and \$42,799 for the same periods in 2018, reflecting a decrease of 9.8 and 0.9 percent, respectively. The decrease in net income was the result of an increase in the provision for loan losses for the six month period ended June 30, 2019 of \$7,601 compared to a reversal of provision for loan losses of \$2,107 for the same period in 2018. The increase in provision for loan losses was a result of a decline in the agricultural commodity prices and the continued effect on some association customers.

Net interest income was \$116,289 and \$58,043 for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$115,193 and \$57,002 for the same periods in 2018. Interest income for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019, increased by \$17,582 and \$8,698 or 9.1 and 8.9 percent respectively, from the same periods of 2018, primarily due to increases in yields on loans and an increase in average loan volume. Interest expense for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019, increased by \$16,486 and \$7,657 or 21.0 and 18.7 percent, from the same period of 2018 due to an increase in interest rates and an increase in average debt volume. The Farm Credit Bank of Texas (the Bank) increased the association's cost of funds, beginning in 2018, for all new loans originated and all loans that are repriced. To offset this increase in interest expense to the association, the Bank will pay the association a higher patronage refund. Average interest earning asset volume for the second quarter of 2019 was \$7,403,971, compared to \$7,238,453 in the second quarter of 2018. The average net interest rate spread on the loan portfolio for the second quarter of 2019 was 2.71 percent, compared to 2.84 percent in the second quarter of 2018, primarily due to the increased cost of funds.

The effects of changes in average volume and interest rates on net interest income in the six months ended June 30, 2019, as compared with the corresponding period of the prior year, are presented in the following tables:

	]	For the six months ended June 30, 2019			For the six months ended June 30, 2018			
	Ave	rage Balance	Interest	Ave	rage Balance	Interest		
Loans	\$	7,399,835	\$211,016	\$	7,233,104	\$ 193,409		
Investments		4,135	121		5,349	146		
Total interest-earning assets	\$	7,403,970	\$211,137	\$	7,238,453	\$ 193,555		
Interest-bearing liabilities		6,305,275	94,848		6,189,614	78,362		
Impact of capital	\$	1,098,695		\$	1,048,839			
Net interest income			\$116,289			\$ 115,193		
Net interest income as a percentage of average earning assets		3.17%		3.21%				
		Average Y	ïeld		Average Y	ield		
Yield on interest-earning assets		5.75%			5.39%			
Cost of interest-bearing liabilities		3.03%		2.56%				
Net interest spread	2.72%			2.83%				

	2019 vs. 2018						
	Increase (decrease) due to						
	Volume		Rate	Total			
Interest income-Loans	\$	4,467	\$ 13,140	\$ 17,607			
Interest income-Investment	_	(33)	8	(25)			
Total interest income	\$	4,434	\$ 13,148	\$ 17,582			
Interest expense		1,470	15,016	16,486			
Net interest income	\$	2,964	\$ (1,868)	\$ 1,096			

The association's noninterest income for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019 increased by \$1,962 and \$3,849, or 7.4 and 39.3 percent respectively, from the same periods in 2018. The increase for the six month period is primarily due to an increased patronage from the bank offset by a decrease in a lower refund received from FCSIC for excess insurance funds in the allocated insurance reserve. The increase in the three month period ended June 30, 2019 is due to an increased patronage from the bank along with a gain on the association's investment in Rural Business Investment Company of \$409 compared to a loss of \$627 in the same period of 2018.

Noninterest expenses for the six and three months ended June 30, 2019, increased by \$2,629 and \$2,730, or 5.4 and 11.6 percent, respectively, from the same period of 2018. Most notably, the association has seen increases in travel, purchased services and other noninterest expenses.

The association's return on average assets for the six months ended June 30, 2019, was 2.2 percent compared to 2.5 percent for the same period in 2018. The association's return on average equity for the six months ended June 30, 2019, was 13.2 percent, compared to 15.3 percent for the same period in 2018.

# Liquidity and Funding Sources

The association secures the majority of its lendable funds from the Bank, which obtains its funds through the issuance of System-wide obligations. The following schedule summarizes the association's borrowings.

_	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Note payable to the bank	\$6,451,967	\$6,223,546
Accrued interest on note payable	16,158	15,500
Total	\$6,468,125	\$6,239,046

The association operates under a general financing agreement (GFA) with the Bank. The current GFA is effective through September 30, 2019. The outstanding balance of \$6,451,967 as of June 30, 2019, is recorded as a liability on the association's balance sheet. The note carried a weighted average interest rate of 3.03 percent at June 30, 2019. The indebtedness is collateralized by a pledge of substantially all of the association's assets to the Bank and is governed by the GFA. The increase in note payable to the Bank and related accrued interest payable since December 31, 2018 is due to the association's increase in loan volume. The maximum amount the association may borrow from the Bank as of June 30, 2019, was \$7,444,365 as defined by the GFA.

The liquidity policy of the association is to manage cash balances to maximize debt reduction, and to increase accrual loan volume. This policy will continue to be pursued during 2019. As borrower payments are received they are applied to the association's note payable with the Bank. The association anticipates the GFA to be renewed by the Bank in 2019.

## **Capital Resources and Regulatory Matters**

The association's capital position increased by \$86,212 at June 30, 2019, compared to December 31, 2018 primarily as a result of net earnings for the period.

Farm Credit Administration regulations require us to maintain minimums for various regulatory capital ratios. New regulations became effective January 1, 2017, which replaced the previously required core surplus and total surplus ratios with common equity tier 1, tier 1 capital, and total capital risk-based capital ratios. The new regulations also added tier 1 leverage and unallocated retained earnings and equivalents (UREE) ratios. The permanent capital ratio continues to remain in effect, with some modifications to align with the new regulations. As of June 30 2019, the association exceeded all regulatory capital requirements. For more information, see Note 5-"Members Equity" in the accompanying financial statements.

## Significant Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 1- "Organization and Significant Accounting Policies" of the accompanying financial statements for critical accounting policies and recent accounting pronouncements which may impact the association's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

## **Relationship with the Farm Credit Bank of Texas**

The association's financial condition may be impacted by factors that affect the Bank. The financial condition and results of operations of the Bank may materially affect the stockholder's investment in the association. The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Notes to Financial Statements contained in the 2018 Annual Report of Capital Farm Credit more fully describe the association's relationship with the Bank.

The annual and quarterly stockholder reports of the Bank are available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Farm Credit Bank of Texas, Corporate Communications, P.O. Box 202590, Austin, Texas 78720, or by calling (512) 483-9204. The annual and quarterly stockholder reports for the Bank are also available on its website at *www.farmcreditbank.com*.

The association's annual and quarterly stockholder reports are also available free of charge, upon request. These reports can be obtained by writing to Capital Farm Credit, ACA, P.O. Box 488, Hondo, Texas 78861 or calling (830) 426-4589. Copies of the association's quarterly and annual stockholder reports are also available on its Website at *www.capitalfarmcredit.com* or can be requested by e-mailing *Javier.Lemus@capitalfarmcredit.com*.

# CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Dollars in thousands)

		ne 30, 2019 Unaudited)		nber 31, 2018 Audited)
ASSETS	¢	2	¢	10
Cash	\$	2	\$	10
Loans		7,597,058		7,393,006
Less: Allowance for losses		(31,713)		(25,495)
Net Loans		7,565,345		7,367,511
Accrued interest receivable - loans		74,977		68,824
Accrued interest receivable - investments		76		63
Investment - held-to-maturity		3,953		4,388
Investment in and receivable from the Bank:				
Capital stock		125,803		125,803
Receivable		23,913		21,485
Investment in Rural Business Investment Company		13,451		11,624
Investments in other Farm Credit Institutions		8,885		9,398
Other property owned, net		1,165		972
Premises and equipment, net		15,850		15,365
Right of use asset - leases		11,480		-
Other assets		14,914		14,014
Total assets	\$	7,859,814	\$	7,639,457
LIABILITIES				
Note payable to the Bank	\$	6,451,967	\$	6,223,546
Advanced conditional payments		8,373		10,067
Accrued interest payable		16,158		15,500
Lease liabilities		11,598		-
Drafts outstanding		497		1,256
Patronage distributions payable		6		87,548
Unfunded post retirement medical obligations		23,320		22,991
Reserve for unfunded commitments		435		431
Other liabilities		29,010		45,879
Total liabilities		6,541,364		6,407,218
MEMBERS' EQUITY				
Capital stock and participation certificates		25,926		25,804
Non-qualified allocated retained earnings		625,091		624,839
Unallocated retained earnings		667,603		581,674
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(170)		(79)
Total members' equity		1,318,450		1,232,238
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$	7,859,814	\$	7,639,456

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

#### CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (dollars in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended June 30, 2019		mon	For the three months ended June 30, 2018		For the six months ended June 30, 2019		For the six months ended June 30, 2018	
Interest Income		. 50, 2017	June	30,2010	<u> </u>	c 30, 2017	Jun	50,2010	
Loans	\$	106,568	\$	97,856	\$	211,016	\$	193,409	
Investments	Ψ	59	Ψ	73	Ψ	121	Ψ	195,169	
Total interest income		106,627		97,929		211,137		193,555	
Interest Expense									
Note Payable to the Bank		48,559		40,911		94,798		78,332	
Advance conditional payments		25		16		50		30	
Total interest expense		48,584		40,927		94,848		78,362	
Net interest income		58,043		57,002		116,289		115,193	
Provision for Loan Losses									
Provision (reversal) for credit losses		3,063		540		7,601		(2,107)	
Net interest income after						<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
provision for losses		54,980		56,462		108,688		117,300	
Noninterest Income									
Patronage income from the Bank		10,123		8,049		19,532		15,904	
Loan fees		930		859		1,961		1,720	
Gain on sale of premises and equipment, net		497		89		1,367		448	
(Loss) gain on other property owned, net		(74)		520		(85)		829	
Other noninterest income		2,176		286		5,621		7,533	
Total noninterest income		13,652	. <u> </u>	9,803		28,396		26,434	
Noninterest Expense									
Salaries and employee benefits		16,888		16,206		33,378		33,051	
Occupancy and equipment		1,260		1,038		2,684		2,430	
Farm Credit System insurance premium		1,332		1,308		2,642		2,605	
Travel		1,082		893		2,156		1,676	
Public and member relations		842		898		1,932		1,864	
Advertising		906		1,036		1,912		1,918	
Purchased services		867		538		1,457		1,237	
Supervisory and examexpense		496		488		992		975	
Data processing		428		352		709		674	
Director's expense		269		200		536		399	
Communications		250		255		508		488	
Training		244		191		410		384	
Other noninterest expenses		1,320		51		1,910		896	
Total noninterest expenses		26,184		23,454		51,226		48,597	
Income before income tax		42,448		42,811		85,858		95,137	
Provision (Benefit) for income tax		13		12		7		(3)	
Net income	\$	42,435	\$	42,799	\$	85,851	\$	95,140	
	φ	74,735	Ψ	72,177	Ψ	00,001	Ψ	<i>JJ</i> ,140	
Other comprehensive (loss):									
Change in postretirement benefit plans		(46)		(10)		(91)		(20)	
Income tax expense related items of other comprehensive income		-		-		-		-	
Other comprehensive (loss), net of tax		(46)		(10)		(91)		(20)	
<b>COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>	\$	42,389	\$	42,789	\$	85,760	\$	95,120	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY (Dollars in thousands)

## (UNAUDITED)

	Capit	tal Stock/	<b>Retained Earnings</b>					umulated Other	Total		
	-	icipation	Nor	n-qualified		0	Comp	rehensive	Ι	Members'	
	Certificates		Allocated Unallocated			allocated	Inco	me (Loss)		Equity	
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	25,519	\$	578,054	\$	576,158	\$	(3,694)	\$	1,176,037	
Net income		-		-		95,140		-		95,140	
Other comprehensive loss		-		-		-		(20)		(20)	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		1,926		-		-		-		1,926	
Capital stock/participation certificates/											
allocated equities retired		(1,808)		-		-		-		(1,808)	
Other adjustments		-		-		(5)		-		(5)	
Balance at June 30, 2018		25,637		578,054		671,293		(3,714)		1,271,270	
Net income		-		-		94,711		-		94,711	
Other comprehensive gain		-		-		-		3,635		3,635	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		1,759		-		-		-		1,759	
Capital stock/participation certificates/											
allocated equities retired		(1,592)		(50,000)		-		-		(51,592)	
Patronage distributions declared:		-		-		-		-		-	
Cash		-		-		(87,543)		-		(87,543)	
Nonqualifed allocations		-		96,787		(96,787)		-		-	
Other adjustments		-		(2)		-		-		(2)	
Balance at December 31, 2018		25,804		624,839		581,674		(79)		1,232,238	
Net income		-		-		85,851		-		85,851	
Other comprehensive loss		-		-		-		(91)		(91)	
Capital stock/participation certificates issued		1,885		-		-		-		1,885	
Capital stock/participation certificates/											
allocated equities retired		(1,763)		-		-		-		(1,763)	
Change in patronage declared and paid				252		78		-		330	
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	25,926	\$	625,091	\$	667,603	\$	(170)	\$	1,318,450	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# CAPITAL FARM CREDIT, ACA NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Dollars in thousands) (UNAUDITED)

# NOTE 1 — ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Capital Farm Credit, ACA including its wholly owned subsidiaries, Capital Farm Credit, PCA and Capital Farm Credit, FLCA, (collectively called the "association"), is a member-owned cooperative which provides credit and credit-related services to or for the benefit of eligible borrowers/stockholders for qualified agricultural purposes in 192 counties in the state of Texas. The association is a lending institution of the Farm Credit System (System) which was established by acts of Congress and is subject to the provisions of the Farm Credit Act of 1971, as amended (Act).

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (GAAP) for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 as contained in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations and conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), except for the inclusion of a statement of cash flows. GAAP require a business enterprise that provides a set of financial statements reporting both financial position and results of operations to also provide a statement of cash flows for each period for which results of operations are provided. In regulations issued by FCA, associations have the option to exclude statements of cash flows in interim financial statements. Therefore, the association has elected not to include a statement of cash flows in these consolidated financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year ending December 31, 2019. Descriptions of the significant accounting policies are included in the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders. In the opinion of management, these policies and the presentation of the interim financial condition and results of operations conform with GAAP and prevailing practices within the banking industry. Certain amounts in the prior period's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to current financial statement presentation.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." The guidance modifies the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension or other postretirement plans. This guidance becomes effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020. Early adoption is permitted. The guidance is to be applied on a retrospective basis for all periods. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the employee benefit plan disclosures.

In August 2018, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Disclosure Framework — Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." The guidance modifies the requirements on fair value measurements by removing, modifying or adding to the disclosures. This guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Early adoption is permitted and an entity is permitted to early adopt any removal or modified disclosures and delay adoption of the additional disclosures until their effective date. The adoption of this guidance will not impact the association's financial condition or its results of operations, but will impact the fair value measurements disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments." The guidance replaces the current incurred loss impairment methodology with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale securities would also be recorded through an allowance for credit losses. For public business entities that are not U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filers this guidance becomes effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2020, with early application permitted. The association is evaluating the impact of adoption on its financial condition and results of operations.

In February 2016, the FASB issued guidance entitled "Leases." The guidance requires the recognition by lessees of lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for the rights and obligations created by those leases. Leases with lease terms of more than 12 months are impacted by this guidance. The guidance and related amendments in this update became effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, with early application permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not materially impact the Association's financial condition and results of operations but did impact lease disclosures. The association adopted this

guidance on January 1, 2019 and upon adoption, recorded a \$11,910 right of use asset, a \$11,983 lease liability and did not have an adjustment to retained earnings.

# NOTE 2 — INVESTMENTS:

## **Investments Held-to-Maturity**

The association's held-to-maturity investment consists of Farmer Mac guaranteed agricultural mortgage-backed securities (AMBS). A summary of the amortized cost and fair value of investment securities held-to-maturity is as follows:

June 30, 2019	Aı	mortized Cost	Un	Gross nrealized Gains	I	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair	. Value	Weighted Average Yield	Weighted Awerage Life (Years)
Agricultural mortgage-backed securities	\$	3,953	\$	38	\$	-	\$	3,991	5.77%	2.83
December 31, 2018	Aı	mortized Cost	Un	Gross nrealized Gains	I	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair	· Value	Weighted Average Yield	Weighted Average Life (Years)
Agricultural mortgage-backed securities	\$	4,388	\$	6	\$	-	\$	4,394	5.74%	2.82

The Farmer Mac AMBS were received in exchange for mortgage loans which were previously covered under the long-term standby commitments to purchase agreement with Farmer Mac. No gain or loss was recognized in the financial statements upon completion of the exchange transactions. Terms of the agreement call for a guarantee fee of 20-50 basis points to be paid to Farmer Mac, and for the association to receive a 30-basis-point fee for servicing the underlying loans.

The association has not experienced any impairments of these securities. Farmer Mac guarantees the underlying mortgages, and the association has the ability and intent to hold these securities to maturity or pay-off and it is unlikely the association would be required to sell these securities. These AMBS have contractual weighted average maturities of 2.83 years as of June 30, 2019; however, expected maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

# NOTE 3 — LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES:

A summary of loans follows:

A summary of loans follows:

Industry	June 30 2019		June 30 2019		%	Dece	mber 31 2018	%
Real estate mortgage	\$	5,774,264	76.1	\$	5,642,145	76.4		
Production and intermediate term		923,417	12.2		919,784	12.4		
Farm-related business		656,786	8.6		594,483	8.0		
Rural residential real estate		101,617	1.3		102,225	1.4		
Energy		62,745	0.8		60,626	0.8		
Communication		45,571	0.6		41,122	0.6		
Lease receivables		16,819	0.2		17,951	0.2		
Mission-related investments		6,394	0.1		6,530	0.1		
Water and waste disposal		9,445	0.1		8,140	0.1		
Total	\$	7,597,058	100.0	\$	7,393,006	100.0		

At June 30, 2019, the association held four transactions, which are reported as loans on the consolidated balance sheet totaling \$6,039 and with \$0 in remaining commitments extended under the Rural America Bond Program approved by the FCA. The program is designed to meet the growing and changing needs of agricultural enterprises, agribusinesses and rural communities by providing investment in rural areas.

The association is authorized under the Farm Credit Act to accept "advance conditional payments" (ACPs) from borrowers. To the extent the borrower's access to such ACPs is restricted and the legal right of setoff exists, the ACPs are netted against loans as presented on the balance sheet. The association held \$60,545 and \$59,096 in funds which were netted against the loan balance at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively. Unrestricted advance conditional payments are included in liabilities. ACPs are not insured, and interest is generally paid by the association on such balances. Balances of ACPs were \$8,373 and \$10,067 on the balance sheet at June 30, 2019, and December 31, 2018, respectively.

The association purchases or sells participation interests with other parties in order to diversify risk, manage loan volume and comply with FCA regulations. The following table presents information regarding the balances of participations purchased and sold as of June 30, 2019:

	Ot	her Farm Cre	dit In	stitutions	No	n-Farm Cre	dit Insti	tutions	Total			
	Part	ticipations	Par	ticipations	Parti	Participations		cipations	Participations		Par	ticipations
	<u>Pι</u>	urchased		Sold	Pu	Purchased Sold		Sold	<u>Pı</u>	urchased	Sold	
Real estate mortgage	\$	131,323	\$	568,775	\$	8,341	\$	-	\$	139,664	\$	568,775
Production and												
Intermediate-term		215,187		658,069		-		-		215,187		658,069
Farm-related business		494,921		147,953		3,305		-		498,226		147,953
Energy		62,745		-		-		-		62,745		-
Communication		45,571		-		-		-		45,571		-
Mission-related investments		2,023		-		4,016		-		6,039		-
Lease receivables		16,819		-		-		-		16,819		-
Water and waste disposal		9,355		-		-		-		9,355		-
Total	\$	977,944	\$	1,374,797	\$	15,662	\$	-	\$	993,606	\$	1,374,797

Nonperforming assets (including related accrued interest) and related credit quality statistics are as follows:

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		
Nonaccrual loans:				
Real estate mortgage	\$ 35,390	\$	30,222	
Production and intermediate-term	27,014		11,173	
Farm-related business	6,270		2,793	
Rural residential real estate	224		391	
Energy	3,503		3,428	
Total nonaccrual loans	\$ 72,401	\$	48,007	
Accruing restructured loans:				
Real estate mortgage	\$ 4,540	\$	5,532	
Production and intermediate-term	2,610		4,158	
Mission-related investments	2,044		2,105	
Total accruing restructured loans	\$ 9,194	\$	11,795	
Accruing loans 90 days or more past due:				
Real estate mortgage	\$ 436	\$	37	
Production and intermediate-term	1,302		-	
Total accruing loans 90 days or more past due	\$ 1,738	\$	37	
Total nonperforming loans	\$ 83,333	\$	59,839	
Other property owned	1,165		972	
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 84,498	\$	60,811	

One credit quality indicator utilized by the association is the FCA Uniform Loan Classification System that categorizes loans into five categories. The categories are defined as follows:

- Acceptable assets are expected to be fully collectible and represent the highest quality,
- Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM) assets are currently collectible but exhibit some potential weakness,
- Substandard assets exhibit some serious weakness in repayment capacity, equity, and/or collateral pledged on the loan,
- Doubtful assets exhibit similar weaknesses to substandard assets; however, doubtful assets have additional weaknesses in existing factors, conditions and values that make collection in full highly questionable, and
- Loss assets are considered uncollectible.

The following table shows loans and related accrued interest as a percentage of total loans and related accrued interest receivable by loan type as of :

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Real estate mortgage		
Acceptable	97.2%	97.4%
OAEM	1.3%	1.3%
Substandard/doubtful	1.5%	1.3%
	100.0%	100.0%
Production and intermediate-term		
Acceptable	89.7%	91.0%
OAEM	4.3%	4.6%
Substandard/doubtful	6.0%	4.4%
	100.0%	100.0%
Farm-related business	07.20/	
Acceptable	97.3%	96.8%
OAEM	1.2%	0.4%
Substandard/doubtful	<u> </u>	2.8%
	100.0 /0	100.070
Rural residential real estate	00 201	98.4%
Acceptable OAEM	98.6% 1.0%	98.4% 0.9%
Substandard/doubtful	1.0% 0.4%	0.9%
Substandard/doubtin	100.0%	100.0%
<b>En outer</b>	100.0 /0	100.070
Energy Acceptable	88.6%	92.2%
Acceptable OAEM	2.0%	2.2%
Substandard/doubtful	<b>9.4%</b>	5.6%
Substandard/doubtrui	100.0%	100.0%
Communication		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful	-	-
	100.0%	100.0%
Mission-related investments		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	_
Substandard/doubtful	-	-
	100.0%	100.0%
Lease receivables		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful	-	-
	100.0%	100.0%
Water and waste disposal		
Acceptable	100.0%	100.0%
OAEM	-	-
Substandard/doubtful		
	100.0%	100.0%
Total Loans		
Acceptable	96.3%	96.6%
OAEM	1.6%	1.6%
Substandard/doubtful	2.1%	1.8%
	100.0%	100.0%

The following table provides an age analysis of past due loans (including accrued interest) as of:

June 30, 2019	30-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total Past Due	Not Past Due or less than 30 Days Past Due	Total Loans	Loans > 90 Days and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 53,543	\$ 14,043	\$ 67,586	\$ 5,761,368	\$ 5,828,954	\$ 436
Production and intermediate-term	11,972	12,160	24,132	916,123	940,255	1,302
Farm-related business	1,451	3,652	5,103	654,305	659,408	-
Rural residential real estate	567	36	603	101,412	102,015	-
Energy	-	-	-	62,989	62,989	-
Communication	-	-	-	45,585	45,585	-
Mission-related investments	-	-	-	6,449	6,449	-
Lease receivables	-	-	-	16,906	16,906	-
Water and waste disposal		-		9,474	9,474	-
Total	\$ 67,533	\$ 29,891	\$ 97,424	\$ 7,574,611	\$ 7,672,035	\$ 1,738

	30-89	90 Days	Total Past	Not Past Due		Loans > 90 Days
December 31, 2018	Days	or More	Due	or less than 30	Total Loans	and Accruing
Real estate mortgage	\$ 29,535	\$ 10,016	\$ 39,551	\$ 5,652,902	\$ 5,692,453	\$ 37
Production and intermediate-term	16,571	2,373	18,944	916,582	935,526	-
Farm-related business	5,996	131	6,127	590,510	596,637	-
Rural residential real estate	743	41	784	101,801	102,585	-
Energy	199	-	199	60,554	60,753	-
Communication	-	-	-	41,125	41,125	-
Mission-related investments	-	-	-	6,586	6,586	-
Lease receivables	-	-	-	18,017	18,017	-
Water and waste disposal				8,148	8,148	
Total	\$ 53,044	\$ 12,561	\$ 65,605	\$ 7,396,225	\$ 7,461,830	\$ 37

Note: The recorded investment in the receivable is the face amount increased or decreased by applicable accrued interest and unamortized premium, discount, finance charges, or acquisition costs and may also reflect a previous direct write-down of the investment.

A restructuring of a debt constitutes a troubled debt restructuring (TDR) if the association for economic or legal reasons related to the debtor's financial difficulties grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider. Troubled debt restructurings are undertaken in order to improve the likelihood of recovery on the loan and may include, but are not limited to, forgiveness of principal or interest, interest rate reductions that are lower than the current market rate for new debt with similar risk, or significant term or payment extensions.

As of June 30, 2019, the total recorded investment of troubled debt restructured loans was \$16,128, including \$6,934 classified as nonaccrual and \$9,194 classified as accrual, with specific allowance for loan losses of \$695. Commitments to lend funds to borrowers whose loan terms have been modified in a troubled debt restructuring were \$109 and \$1 as of June 30, 2019 and at December 31, 2018, respectively.

The following tables present additional information regarding troubled debt restructurings, which includes both accrual and nonaccrual loans with troubled debt restructuring designation, that occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2019. There were no loans designated as troubled debt restructurings during the three months ended June 30, 2019. The premodification outstanding recorded investment represents the recorded investment of the loans as of the quarter end prior to the restructuring. The postmodification outstanding recorded investment represents the recorded investment of the loans as of the quarter end the restructuring occurred.

			Troi	ubled Debt Re	structuring	Activity			
		2	.019		2018				
	Pre-TDR	Designation	Post-TDR	Designation	Pre-TDR	Designation	Post-TD	R Designation	
Six months ended June 30:	Ba	lance	Ba	lance	Ba	alance	E	Balance	
Real estate mortgage		374		1,271		2,327		2,212	
Production and intermediate-term		6,066		3,855		4,440		3,757	
Total	\$	6,440	\$	5,126	\$	6,767	\$	5,969	
		20	)19			2	018		
	Pre-TDR	Designation	Post-TDR	Designation	Pre-TDR D	esignation	Post-TDR	Designation	
Three months ended June 30:	Ba	alance	Bal	ance	Bala	ance	Ba	lance	
Real estate mortgage		-		-		2,327		2,212	
Production and intermediate-term		-		-		1,472		1,196	
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,799	\$	3,408	

. . . . .

In restructurings where principal is forgiven, the amount of the forgiveness is immediately charged off. In restructurings where accrued interest is forgiven, the interest is reversed (if current year interest) or charged off (if prior year interest). Charge-offs recorded at the modification date were \$15 for the quarter ending June 30, 2019.

The predominant form of concession granted for troubled debt restructuring includes extension of terms. Other types of modifications include principal or accrued interest reductions, interest rate decreases and delayed payments, among others. At times, these terms might be offset with incremental payments, collateral or new borrower guarantees, in which case the association assesses all of the modified terms to determine if the overall modification qualifies as a troubled debt restructuring.

The following table presents information regarding loans that met the accounting criteria as a troubled debt restructuring and that occurred within the previous 12 months and for which there was a subsequent payment default during the period. A payment default is defined as a payment that is 30 days past due after the date the loan was restructured.

	Recorded Investment at June 30, 2018				
\$ -	\$	-			
 -	\$	459			
\$ -	\$	459			
	Recorded Investment at June 30, 2019 \$ - - \$ -				

The following table provides information on outstanding loans restructured in troubled debt restructurings at period end. These loans are included as impaired loans in the impaired loan table at:

		Loans Modif	fied as TD	Rs	TDRs in Nonaccrual Status*					
	June 30, 2019 December 31, 2018		June 30, 2019		Decemb	per 31, 2018				
Real estate mortgage	\$	7,181	\$	6,671	\$	2,641	\$	1,139		
Production and intermediate-term		6,903		8,638		4,293		4,480		
Farm-related business		-		131		-		131		
Mission related investments		2,044		2,105		-		-		
Total	\$	16,128	\$	17,545	\$	6,934	\$	5,750		

\* represents the portion of loans modified as TDRs that are in nonaccrual status

Additional impaired loan information is as follows:

			At Ju	ine 30, 2019	1		At December 31, 2018					
			τ	Unpaid	R	elated			τ	Jnpaid	R	elated
		Loan	$\mathbf{P}$	rincipal	SI	pecific		Loan	P	rincipal	SI	pecific
	В	alance	В	Balance	Alle	owance	E	Balance	В	Balance	Alle	owance
Impaired loans with a related												
allowance for loan losses:												
Real estate mortgage	\$	1,793	\$	1,999	\$	71	\$	1,768	\$	1,972	\$	235
Production and intermediate-term		12,738		15,318		3,050		5,786		7,873		927
Farm-related business		2,612		2,612		368		2,653		2,653		368
Rural residential real estate		-		-		-		29		48		4
Energy		3,291		3,291		990		3,428		3,428		1,053
Mission-related investments		134		134		41		137		137		40
Total	\$	20,568	\$	23,354	\$	4,520	\$	13,801	\$	16,111	\$	2,627
Impaired loans with no related												
allowance for loan losses:												
Real estate mortgage	\$	38,510	\$	40,119	\$	-	\$	33,937	\$	36,000	\$	-
Production and intermediate-term		18,082		23,121		-		9,344		13,175		-
Farm-related business		3,658		6,608		-		140		3,097		-
Rural residential real estate		224		412		-		362		567		-
Energy		211		211		-		-		-		-
Mission-related investments		1,889		1,889		-		1,947		1,947		-
Total	\$	62,574	\$	72,360	\$	-	\$	45,730	\$	54,786	\$	-
Total impaired loans:												
Real estate mortgage	\$	40,303	\$	42,118	\$	71	\$	35,705	\$	37,972	\$	235
Production and intermediate-term		30,820		38,439		3,050		15,130		21,048		927
Farm-related business		6,270		9,220		368		2,793		5,750		368
Rural residential real estate		224		412		-		391		615		4
Energy		3,502		3,502		990		3,428		3,428		1,053
Mission-related investments		2,023		2,023		41		2,084		2,084		40
Total	\$	83,142	\$	95,714	\$	4,520	\$	59,531	\$	70,897	\$	2,627

Unpaid principal balance represents the recorded principal balance of the loan.

	For the Three Months Ended							For the Six Months Ended								
		June	30, 2019			June 3	30, 2018			June 3	80, 2019			June	30, 2018	
	А	verage	In	terest	A	verage	Int	erest	A	verage	In	terest				
	In	npaired	In	come	In	npaired	Inc	come	Ir	npaired	In	come	A	verage	Interes	t Income
	]	Loans	Reco	ognized	]	Loans	Reco	gnized	]	Loans	Rec	ognized	Impa	ired Loans	Reco	gnized
Impaired loans with a related																
allowance for loan losses:																
Real estate mortgage	\$	827	\$	4	\$	972	\$	5	\$	1,051	\$	4	\$	653	\$	4
Production and intermediate-term		8,733		112		5,937		57		7,013		189		4,865		95
Farm-related business		2,621		54		2,701		50		2,630		107		2,711		98
Rural residential real estate		-		-		11		-		15		-		5		-
Energy		3,291		-		3,689		-		3,314		-		2,463		-
Mission-related investments		135		3		158		3		136		5		160		6
Total	\$	15,607	\$	173	\$	13,468	\$	115	\$	14,159	\$	305	\$	10,857	\$	203
Impaired loans with no related																
allowance for loan losses:																
Real estate mortgage	\$	37,612	\$	177	\$	43,242	\$	251	\$	35,834	\$	408	\$	43,946	\$	515
Production and intermediate-term		15,710		127		17,279		54		13,729		238		18,708		146
Farm-related business		4,300		2		131		11		3,823		87		131		13
Rural residential real estate		303		1		410		1		328		2		421		3
Energy		87		1		-		-		60		1		6		-
Mission-related investments		1,908		29		1,948		30		1,927		59		1,967		60
Lease receivables		-		-		43		-		-		-		50		-
Total	\$	59,920	\$	337	\$	63,053	\$	347	\$	55,701	\$	795	\$	65,229	\$	737
Total impaired loans:																
Real estate mortgage	\$	38,439	\$	181	\$	44,214	\$	256	\$	36,885	\$	412	\$	44,599	\$	519
Production and intermediate-term		24,443		239		23,216		111		20,742		427		23,573		241
Farm-related business		6,921		56		2,832		61		6,453		194		2,842		111
Rural residential real estate		303		1		421		1		343		2		426		3
Energy		3,378		1		3,689		-		3,374		1		2,469		-
Mission-related investments		2,043		32		2,106		33		2,063		64		2,127		66
Lease receivables		-		-		43		-		-		-		50		-
Total	\$	75,527	\$	510	\$	76,521	\$	462	\$	69,860	\$	1,100	\$	76,086	\$	940

# A summary of changes in the allowance for loan losses and the ending balance including accrued interest of loans

		eal Estate Mortgage		duction and termediate Term		Farm related usiness	Re	Rural sidential al Estate	Wa	ergy and ter/Waste Disposal	Com	nunication	R	ission elated stments		ease ceivable		Total
Allowance for credit		0.0								<u> </u>								
losses:																		
Balance at																		
March 31, 2019	\$	8,998	\$	15,057	\$	2,742	\$	121	\$	1,562	\$	100	\$	42	\$	77	\$	28,699
Charge-offs		(17)		(636)		-		(10)		-		-		-		-		(663)
Recoveries		371		138		-		8		-		-		-		-		517
(Reversal) provision for loan losses		2,044		646		435		(14)		(48)		(13)		-		13		3,063
Transfer from reserve on unfunded																		
commitments		1		91		-		-		5		-		-		-		97
Balance at																		
June 30, 2019	\$	11,397	\$	15,296	\$	3,177	\$	105	\$	1,519	\$	87	\$	42	\$	90	\$	31,713
Balance at																		
December 31, 2018		8,517		11,915		3,439		98		1,331		86		41		68	\$	25,495
Charge-offs		(19)		(1,923)		-		(11)		-		-		-		-		(1,953)
Recoveries		374		176		8		15		-		-		-		-		573
Provision for loan losses		2,526		5,120		(259)		3		187		1		1		22		7,601
*Other		(1)		8		(11)		-		1		-		-		-		(3)
Balance at																		
June 30, 2019	\$	11,397	\$	15,296	\$	3,177	\$	105	\$	1,519	\$	87	\$	42	\$	90	\$	31,713
Allowance for loan losses: Ending Balance at June 30, 2019 Individually evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	71	\$	3,050	\$	368	\$	-	\$	990	\$	-	\$	41	\$	-	\$	4,520
Collectively evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	11,326	\$	12,246	\$	2,809	\$	105	\$	529	\$	87	\$	1	\$	90	\$	27,193
Balance at																		
March 31, 2018	\$	10,060	\$	11,512	\$	3,804	\$	100	\$	1,408	\$	127	\$	74	\$	53	\$	27,138
Charge-offs		(66)		(855)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(921)
Recoveries		33		8		5		8		-		-		-		-		54
Provision for loan losses Transfer from reserve on unfunded		(694)		1,607		(447)		8		82		13		(27)		(2)		540
commitments		-		51		8		_		_		_		9				68
Balance at				51		0		_		_		_				_		00
June 30, 2018	\$	9,333	\$	12,323	\$	3,370	\$	116	\$	1,490	\$	140	\$	56	\$	51	\$	26,879
		<u> </u>		· · · ·	_					· · ·								
Balance at																		
December 31, 2017	\$	10,470	\$	12,955	\$	4,002	\$	150	\$	1,615	\$	145	\$	82	\$	31	\$	29,450
Charge-offs		(83)		(923)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(1,006)
Recoveries		71		32		19		9		-		31		-		-		162
Provision for loan losses		(1,136)		(9)		(721)		(43)		(147)		(36)		(35)		20		(2,107)
Other		11		268		70		-		22		-		9		-		380
Balance at																		
June 30, 2018	\$	9,333	\$	12,323	\$	3,370	\$	116	\$	1,490	\$	140	\$	56	\$	51	\$	26,879
Allowance for loan losses: Ending Balance at June 30, 2018 individually evaluated for			¢		¢	2.00		·		1.005	¢		0		¢			
impairment collectively evaluated for	\$	158	\$	1,831	\$	368	\$	4	\$	1,095	\$	-	\$	56	\$		\$	3,512
impairment	\$	9,175	\$	10,492	\$	3,002	\$	112	\$	395	\$	140	\$		\$	51	\$	23,367
Recorded Investments in Loans Outstanding: Ending Balance at			<u> </u>			.,					<u> </u>				<u> </u>			
June 30, 2019	\$	5,828,954	\$	940,255	\$	659,408	\$	102,015	\$	72,463	\$	45,585	\$	6,449	\$	16,906	\$	7,672,035
Individually evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	40,303	\$	30,820	\$	6,270	\$	224	\$	3,502	\$	-	\$	2,023	\$	-	\$	83,142
Collectively evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	5,788,651	\$	909,435	\$	653,138	\$	101,791	\$	68,961	\$	45,585	\$	4,426	\$	16,906	\$	7,588,893
Ending Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	5,692,453	\$	935,526	\$	596,637	\$	102,585	\$	68,901	\$	41,125	\$	6,586	\$	18,017	\$	7,461,830
Individually evaluated for																		
impairment	\$	35,705	\$	15,130	\$	2,793	\$	391	\$	3,428	\$	-	\$	2,084	\$	-	\$	59,531
Collectively evaluated for	¢	5 656 740	¢	020 207	¢	502 944	¢	102 104	¢	65 477	¢	41.125	¢	4 500	¢	18 017	¢	7 402 200
impairment	\$	5,656,748	\$	920,396	\$	593,844	\$	102,194	\$	65,473	\$	41,125	\$	4,502	\$	18,017	\$	7,402,299

# NOTE 4 —LEASES:

The association evaluates arrangements at inception to determine if it meets the criteria for a lease. Leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet with lease expense recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Operating leases are included in right of use asset-leases (ROU) and lease liabilities on the balance sheet.

ROU assets represent the association's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the association's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating ROU assets and liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the lease payments over the lease term. The association's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that the association will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

		For	the Six Months Ended
	Classification	_	June 30, 2019
Operating lease cost	Operating	\$	963
Short-term lease cost	Operating		148
Net lease cost		\$	1,111

Other information related to leases was as follows:

	 10nths Ended 30, 2019
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities: Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 1,108
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations: Operating leases	\$ 11,480

Lease term and discount rate are as follows:

	June 30, 2019
Weighted average remaining lease term in years:	
Operating leases	3.6
Weighted average discount rate:	
Operating leases	3.3%

Future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	1	erating eases
2019 (excluding the six months ended 6/30/19)	\$	1,291
2020		2,092
2021		1,869
2022		1,779
2023		1,727
Thereafter		4,341
Total lease payments		13,099
Less: interest		-
Total	\$	13,099

# NOTE 5 — MEMBERS EQUITY:

The association's board of directors has established a Capital Adequacy Plan (Plan) that includes the capital targets that are necessary to achieve the institution's capital adequacy goals as well as the minimum permanent capital standards. The Plan monitors projected patronage, equity retirements and other actions that may decrease the association's permanent capital. In addition to factors that must be considered in meeting the minimum standards, the board of directors also monitors the following factors: capability of management; quality of operating policies, procedures and internal controls; quality and quantity of earnings; asset quality and the adequacy of the allowance for losses to absorb potential loss within the loan and lease portfolios; sufficiency of liquid funds; needs of an institution's customer base; and any other risk-oriented activities, such as funding and interest rate risk, contingent and off-balance-sheet liabilities or other conditions warranting additional capital. At least quarterly, management reviews the association's goals and objectives with the board.

## **Regulatory Capital Ratios**

	Regulatory	Conservation		As of	As of
	Minimums	Buffers*	Total	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
Risk-adjusted:					
Common equity tier 1 ratio	4.50%	2.50% *	7.00%	14.18%	14.30%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.00%	2.50% *	8.50%	14.18%	14.30%
Total capital ratio	8.00%	2.50% *	10.50%	15.04%	15.10%
Permanent capital ratio	7.00%	0.00%	7.00%	14.72%	14.80%
Non-risk-adjusted:					
Tier 1 leverage ratio	4.00%	1.00%	5.00%	14.70%	14.80%
UREE leverage ratio	1.50%	0.00%	1.50%	8.21%	9.50%

The details for the amounts used in the calculation of the regulatory capital ratios as of June 30, 2019:

90 Day Average Balances (dollars in thousands)	Common equity tier 1 ratio	Tier 1 capital ratio	Total capital ratio	Permanent capital ratio	
Numerator:	uci i i auo		capital l'atto	Capital Fatto	
Unallocated retained earnings	\$ 636,747	\$ 636,747	\$ 636,747	\$ 636,747	
Common Cooperative Equities:					
Statutory minimum purchased borrower stock	25,844	25,844	25,844	25,844	
Allocated equities held $\geq 7$ years	584,730	584,730	584,730	584,730	
Allocated equities subject to revolvement $\geq 5$ years but $< 7$ years	-	-	38,205	38,205	
Allowance for loan losses and reserve for credit losses subject to certain limitations	-	-	29,530	-	
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:					
Amount of allocated investments in other System institutions	(125,963)	(125,963)	(125,963)	(125,963)	
Other regulatory required deductions	(2,430)	(2,430)	(2,430)	(2,430)	
	1,118,928	1,118,928	1,186,663	1,157,133	
Denominator:					
Risk-adjusted assets excluding allowance	8,020,069	8,020,069	8,020,069	8,020,069	
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:					
Regulatory deductions included in total capital	(128,393)	(128,393)	(128,393)	(128,393)	
Allowance for loan losses	-	-	-	(29,530)	
	7,891,676	7,891,676	7,891,676	7,862,146	

90 Day Average Balances		Tier 1		
(dollars in thousands)	leve	leverage ratio		
Numerator:				
Unallocated retained earnings	\$	636,747	\$	636,747
Common Cooperative Equities:				
Statutory minimum purchased borrower stock		25,844		-
Allocated equities held $\geq 7$ years		584,730		
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:				
Amount of allocated investments in other System institutions		(125,963)		(9,853)
Other regulatory required deductions		(2,430)		(2,430)
		1,118,928		624,464
Denominator:				
Total Assets		7,771,885		7,771,885
Regulatory Adjustments and Deductions:				
Regulatory deductions included in tier 1 capital		(161,566)		(161,566)
		7,610,319		7,610,319

The association's accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) relates entirely to its nonpension other postretirement benefits. Amortization of prior service (credits) cost and of actuarial (gain) loss are reflected in "Salaries and employee benefits" in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. The following table summarizes the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the six months ended June 30:

2018		
\$	(3,694)	
	(112)	
	92	
	(20)	
\$	(3,714)	
	\$	

# NOTE 6 — INCOME TAXES:

The association conducts its business activities through two wholly-owned subsidiaries. Long-term mortgage lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned FLCA subsidiary which is exempt from federal and state income tax. Short- and intermediate-term lending activities are conducted through a wholly-owned PCA subsidiary. The PCA subsidiary and the ACA holding company are subject to income tax. The association operates as a cooperative that qualifies for tax treatment under Subchapter T of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, under specified conditions, the association can exclude from taxable income amounts distributed as qualified patronage dividends in the form of cash, stock or allocated retained earnings. Provisions for income taxes are made only on those taxable earnings that will not be distributed as qualified patronage dividends. Deferred taxes are recorded at the tax effect of all temporary differences based on the assumption that such temporary differences are retained by the institution and will therefore impact future tax payments. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets to the extent that it is more likely than not (more than 50 percent probability), based on management's estimate, that they will not be realized.

# NOTE 7 — FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS:

FASB guidance defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. See Note 14 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders for a more complete description.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period on the association's consolidated balance sheet, are summarized below. The association did not have any liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

June 30, 2019	Fair Value Measurement Using						Total Fair	
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Value	
Assets:								
Assets held in nonqualified benefit trusts	\$	7,475	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,475
Total assets	\$	7,475	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,475
December 31, 2018		Fair V	/alue Measu	rement Usi	ing		То	tal Fair
	I	evel 1	Lev	rel 2	Lev	vel 3		Value
Assets:								
Assets held in nonqualified benefit trusts	\$	7,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,103
Total assets	\$	7,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,103

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, which are fair value measurements that are triggered by particular circumstances such as impaired assets, for each of the fair value hierarchy levels are summarized below. The association did not have any liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

June 30, 2019	Fair Value Measurement Using						Total Fair	
	Le	vel 1	Lev	vel 2	]	Level 3	Value	
Assets:								
Loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,048	\$	16,048
Other property owned		-		-		1,165		1,165
December 31, 2018		Fair	Value Measu	rement Us	ing		То	tal Fair
	Lev	vel 1	Lev	vel 2	]	Level 3		Value
Assets:								
Loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,174	\$	11,174
Other property owned		-		-		972		972

With regard to nonrecurring measurements for impaired loans and other property owned, it is not practicable to provide specific information on inputs, as each collateral property is unique. System institutions utilize appraisals to value these loans and other property owned and take into account unobservable inputs, such as income and expense, comparable sales, replacement cost and comparability adjustments.

## Valuation Techniques

As more fully discussed in Note 14 to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders, authoritative guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The following represents a brief summary of the valuation techniques used for the association's assets and liabilities. For a more complete description, see Notes to the 2018 Annual Report to Stockholders.

## Investments

Include mortgage-backed securities issued by the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (Farmer Mac). Fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows considering market interest rates, estimated prepayment rates, probabilities of default and loss severities. Inputs depend significantly on management judgements and experience with the securities. These fair value measurements are classified as level 3 investments.

## Assets Held in Nonqualified Benefits Trusts

Assets held in trust funds related to deferred compensation and supplemental retirement plans are classified within Level 1. The trust funds include investments that are actively traded and have quoted net asset values that are observable in the marketplace.

## Loans Evaluated for Impairment

For certain loans evaluated for impairment under FASB impairment guidance, the fair value is based upon the underlying collateral since the loans are collateral-dependent loans for which real estate is the collateral. The fair value measurement process uses

independent appraisals and other market-based information, but in many cases it also requires significant input based on management's knowledge of and judgment about current market conditions, specific issues relating to the collateral and other matters. As a result, a majority of these loans have fair value measurements that fall within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. When the value of the real estate, less estimated costs to sell, is less than the principal balance of the loan, a specific reserve is established. The fair value of these loans would fall under Level 2 of the hierarchy if the process uses independent appraisals and other market-based information.

## Other Property Owned

Other property owned is generally classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The process for measuring the fair value of the other property owned involves the use of independent appraisals and other market-based information. Costs to sell represent transaction costs and are not included as a component of the asset's fair value. As a result, these fair value measurements fall within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

## Cash

For cash, the carrying amount is a reasonable estimate of fair value.

## Loans

Fair value is estimated by discounting the expected future cash flows using the associations' current interest rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit risk. The discount rates are based on the associations' current loan origination rates as well as management's estimates of credit risk. Management has no basis to determine whether the fair values presented would be indicative of the value negotiated in an actual sale and could be less.

For purposes of estimating fair value of accruing loans, the loan portfolio is segregated into pools of loans with homogeneous characteristics. Expected future cash flows, primarily based on contractual terms, and interest rates reflecting appropriate credit risk are separately determined for each individual pool.

The fair value of loans in nonaccrual status that are current as to principal and interest is estimated as described above, with appropriately higher interest rates which reflect the uncertainty of continued cash flows. For collateral-dependent impaired loans, it is assumed that collection will result only from the disposition of the underlying collateral.

## Commitments to Extend Credit

The fair value of commitments is estimated using the fees currently charged for similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the creditworthiness of the counterparties. For fixed-rate loan commitments, estimated fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates.

## NOTE 8 — EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS:

The following table summarizes the components of net periodic benefit costs of nonpension other postretirement employee benefits for the three months ended June 30:

	Other Benefits				
	2019		2	2018	
Service Cost	\$	171	\$	228	
Interest Cost		535		511	
Expected return on plan assets		-		-	
Amortization of prior service (credits) cost		(91)		(112)	
Amortization of net actuarial (gain) loss		-		92	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	615	\$	719	

The association's liability for the unfunded accumulated obligation for these benefits at June 30, 2019, was \$23,320 and is included in "Unfunded post-retirement medical obligations" in the balance sheet.

The structure of the district's defined benefit pension plan is characterized as multiemployer since the assets, liabilities and cost of the plan are not segregated or separately accounted for by participating employers (bank and associations). The association recognizes its

amortized annual contributions to the plan as an expense. Contributions due and unpaid are recognized as a liability. For the DB plan, the association recognized costs of \$1,173 and \$1,460 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. The association previously disclosed in its financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, that it expected to contribute \$869 to the district's defined benefit pension plan in 2019. As of June 30, 2019, \$379 of contributions have been made. The association presently anticipates contributing an additional \$490 to fund the defined benefit pension plan in 2019 for a total of \$869.

The association's contributions to the DC Plan are expensed as incurred. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the association recognized pension costs of \$1,574 and \$1,418 respectively.

Employees are also eligible to participate in the Farm Credit Benefits Alliance 401(k) Plan. Contributions to the 401(k) plan are expensed as incurred. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the association contributed \$1,299 and \$1,205, respectively.

The association also participates in a defined contribution nonqualified supplemental 401(k) plan. The total expenses of the nonqualified plan included in the association's employee benefit costs were \$415 and \$201 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

# NOTE 9 — COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:

The association is involved in various legal proceedings in the normal course of business. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, there are no legal proceedings at this time that are likely to materially affect the association.

# NOTE 10 — SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

The association has evaluated subsequent events through August 9, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were issued and there are no other significant events requiring disclosure as of this date.